

A String, Regular Expression, and Integer Solver for Bug-finding and Security

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IBM Research



PURDUE
UNIVERSITY

HCSS 2016
May 10, 2016

Z3str2

- ❖ A solver for strings, regex and length constraints
- ❖ Currently the top performer on the Kaluza suite [Abdulla@CAV'15]
 - The only large scale suite available now (generated from JavaScript analysis)
- ❖ Invited by the Z3 team (Microsoft Research) and will be included in the mainstream (MIT License)

Outline

01.

Z3str2 Overview

Solving Word Equations

02.

Search space pruning

Two techniques:

1. Overlapping variable detections
2. Theory integrations

03.

Evaluation

Constraints from

1. Bug finding
2. Security analysis

String Constraint Solver

❖ Constraint Solver

- A key piece of machinery for symbolic execution, test generation, etc.

❖ Why Strings?

- Strings are pervasive in web applications and mobile apps
- Path predicates, sanitizers, permission settings, ...

❖ Why cohesive reasoning about strings and non-strings?

- String operations interact with non-string ones, e.g., `length()`, `substring()`, ...
- String equations, regular expressions and length constraints should be supported

Existing String Constraint Solvers

Bit-vector based

- HAMPI [ISSTA'09]
- The solver for Pex [TACAS'09]
- Kaluza [S&P'10]



String variable: X



?	?	...	?	?
0	1			n - 1

- Fix Length First

Existing String Constraint Solvers

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String variable: X



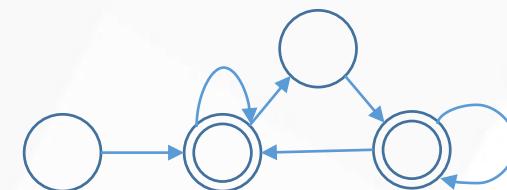
- Fix Length First



Automata based

- JSA [SAS'03]
- Hooimeijer [ASE'10]
- PISA-MONA [ISSTA'11]
- Stranger [TACAS'10]
- PASS [HVC'13]
- JST [ICSE'13]

String variable: X



- Over-approximations
- Hard to capture theory connections

Existing String Constraint Solvers

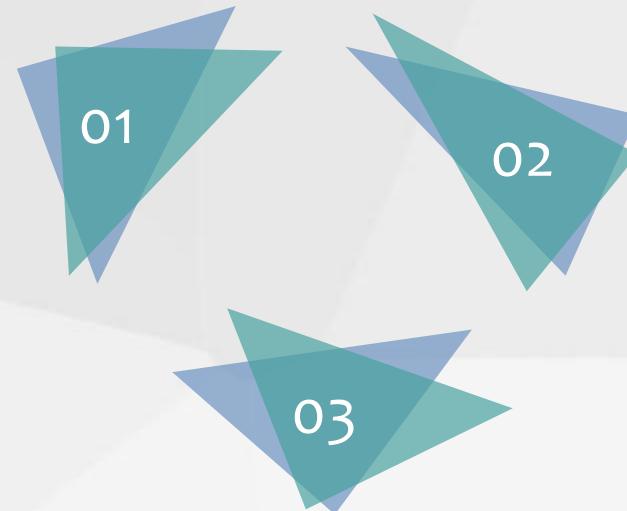
Bit-vector based

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String variable: X



- Fix Length First



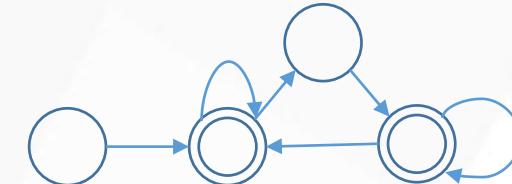
Word- / SMT-based

- **Z3-str** [FSE'13]
- CVC4 [CAV'14]
- Norn [CAV'14, CAV'15]
- S3 [CCS'14] (atop Z3-str)
- **Z3str2** [CAV'15]

Automata based

- JSA [SAS'03]
- Hooimeijer [ASE'10]
- PISA-MONA [ISSTA'11]
- Stranger [TACAS'10]
- PASS [HVC'13]
- JST [ICSE'13]

String variable: X



- Over-approximations
- Hard to capture theory connections



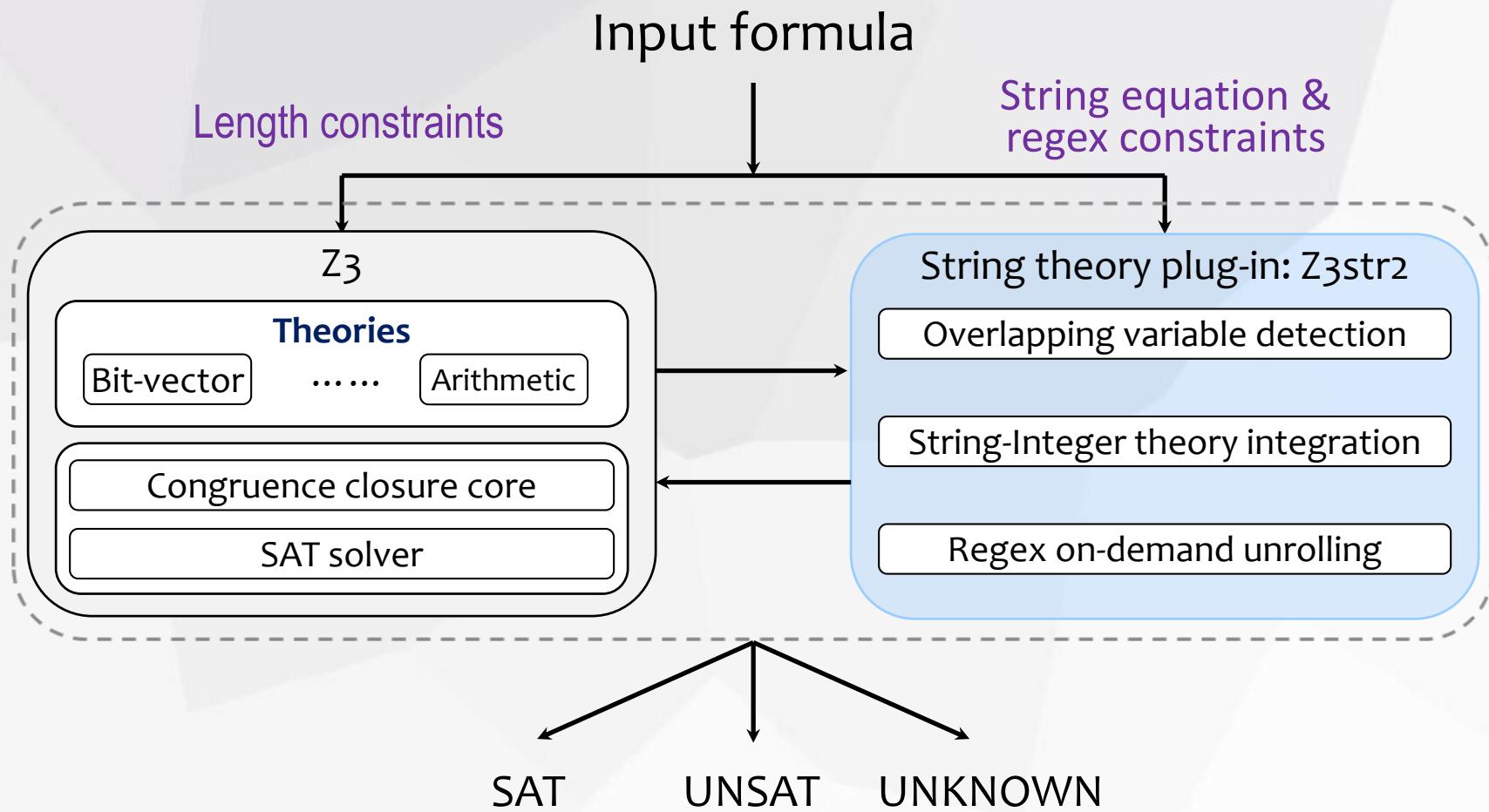
Challenges

- ❖ **Solving string equations is known to be hard**
 - Makanin 1977, Plandowski 2006, ...
- ❖ **Finding a consistent solution in multiple domains is expensive**
 - An inconsistent “solution” (UNSAT): $X = “ab” \wedge \text{length}(X) = 1$
 - Infinite search space in both string and integer domains

The Theory Considered

- ❖ The quantifier-free theory over word equations, membership predicates, and length functions
- ❖ Multi-sorted theory
 - String (strings over ASCII characters)
 - Integer (natural numbers)
 - Boolean
- ❖ Common string related operators
 - CharAt, Contains, StartsWith, Indexof, Substring, Regex....

Z3str2 Overview



Sound but incomplete

Supporting string operations

- ❖ **Three primitive string operations**

- String equivalence
- Concatenation
- String length

- ❖ **Reduce other string operations to primitives**

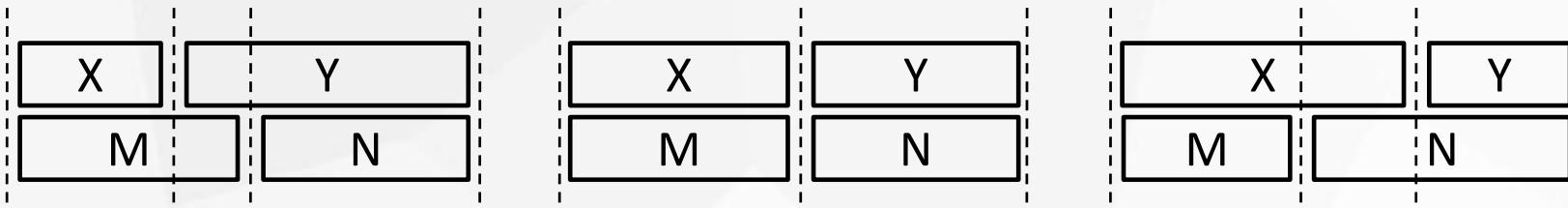
- Contains
- IndexOf
- Substring
- Replace
- Regex membership predicate
- ...

Solving String Equations

❖ Basic idea

- Recursively split equations into smaller ones until they are directly solvable
- Given an equation, identify all possible arrangements

$$X . Y = M . N$$



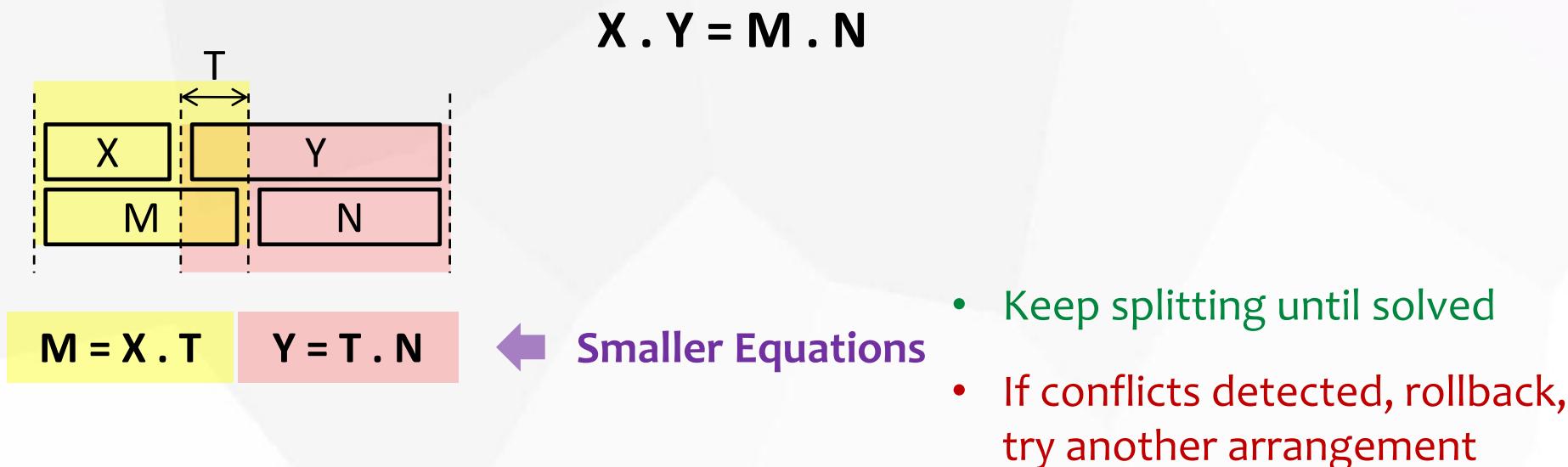
3 possible arrangements

X, Y, M and N are all string variables

Solving String Equations

❖ Basic idea

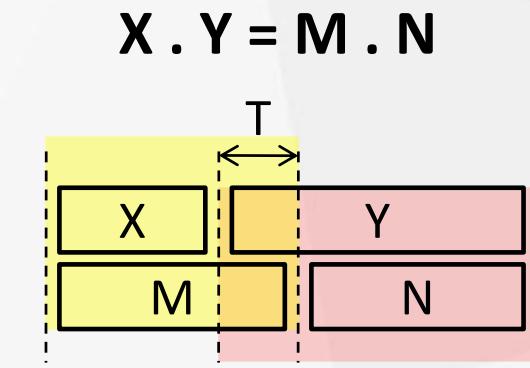
- Recursively split equations into smaller ones until they are directly solvable
- Given an equation, identify all possible arrangements
- Given an arrangement, generate smaller equations



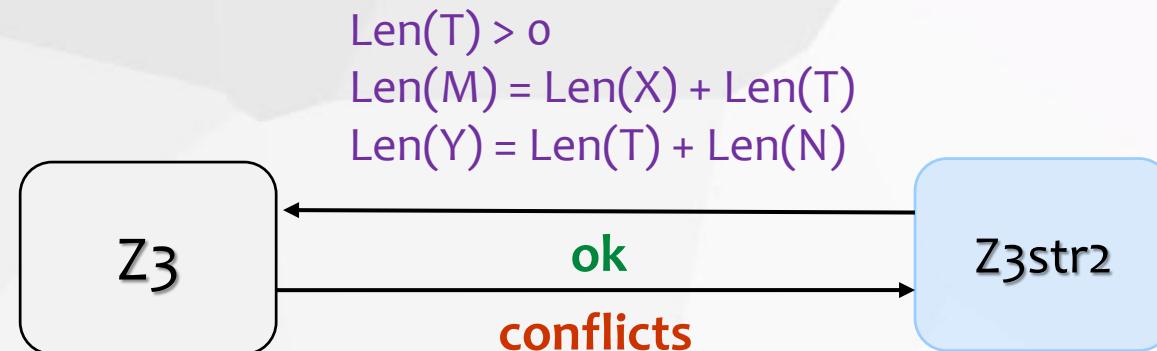
Sync with Integer Theory

❖ Consistent solutions in both theories

- Z3str2 asserts new length constraints during search



$$M = X . T \quad Y = T . N$$



- Keep splitting
- Rollback. Try another arrangement

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Two techniques:

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2. Theory integrations

03

Evaluation

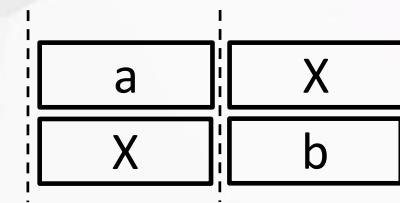
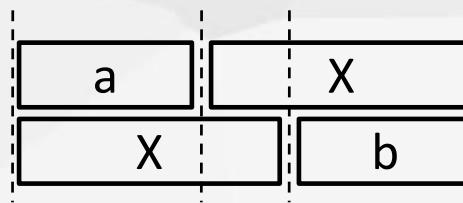
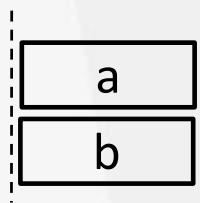
Constraints from

1. Bug finding
2. Security analysis

Overlapping Variables

- ❖ Non-terminations caused by overlapping variables

“a” . X = X . “b”

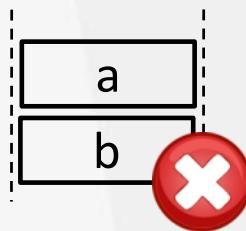


3 possible arrangements

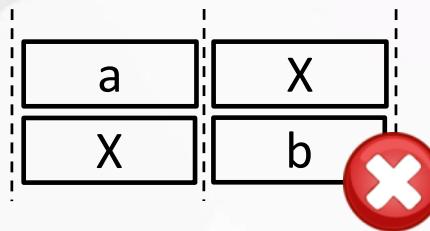
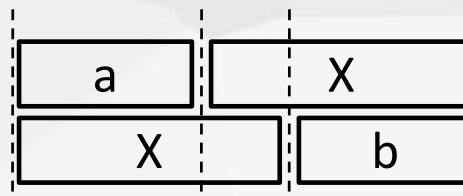
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- ❖ Non-terminations caused by overlapping variables

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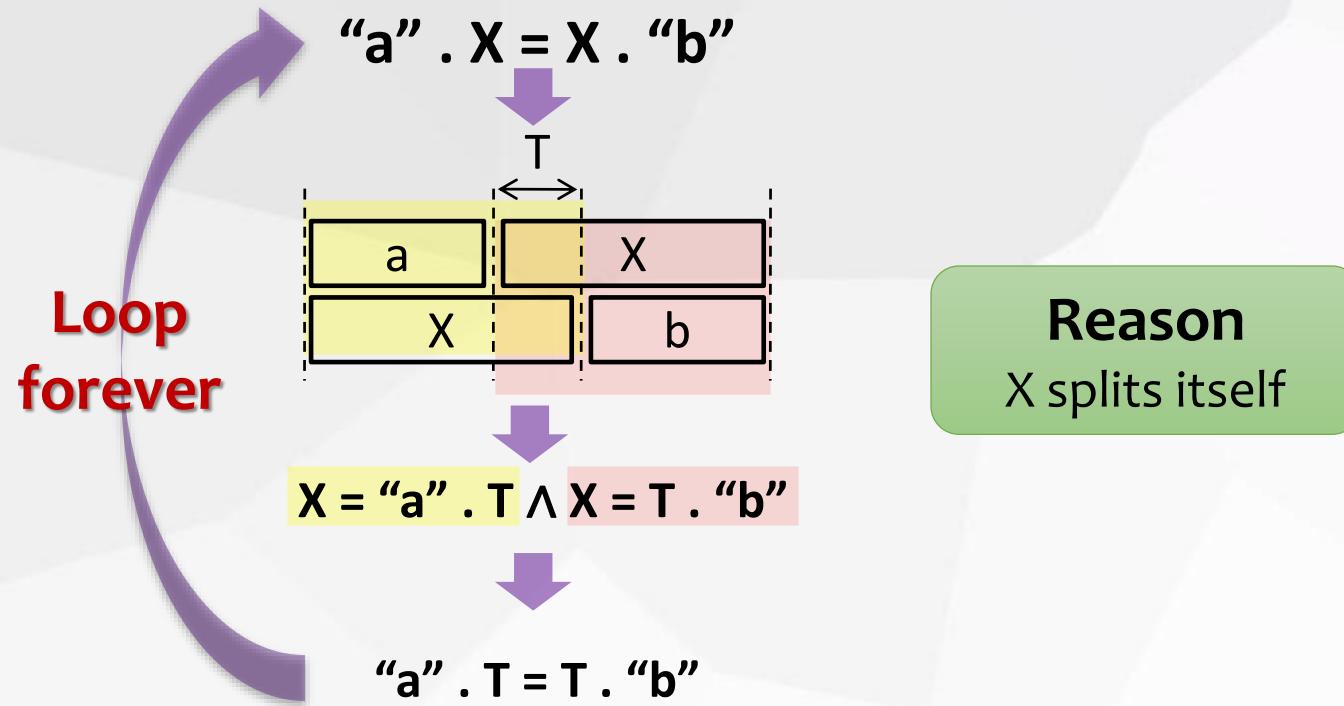
$X = \epsilon$



$X = "a" \wedge x = "b"$

Overlapping Variables

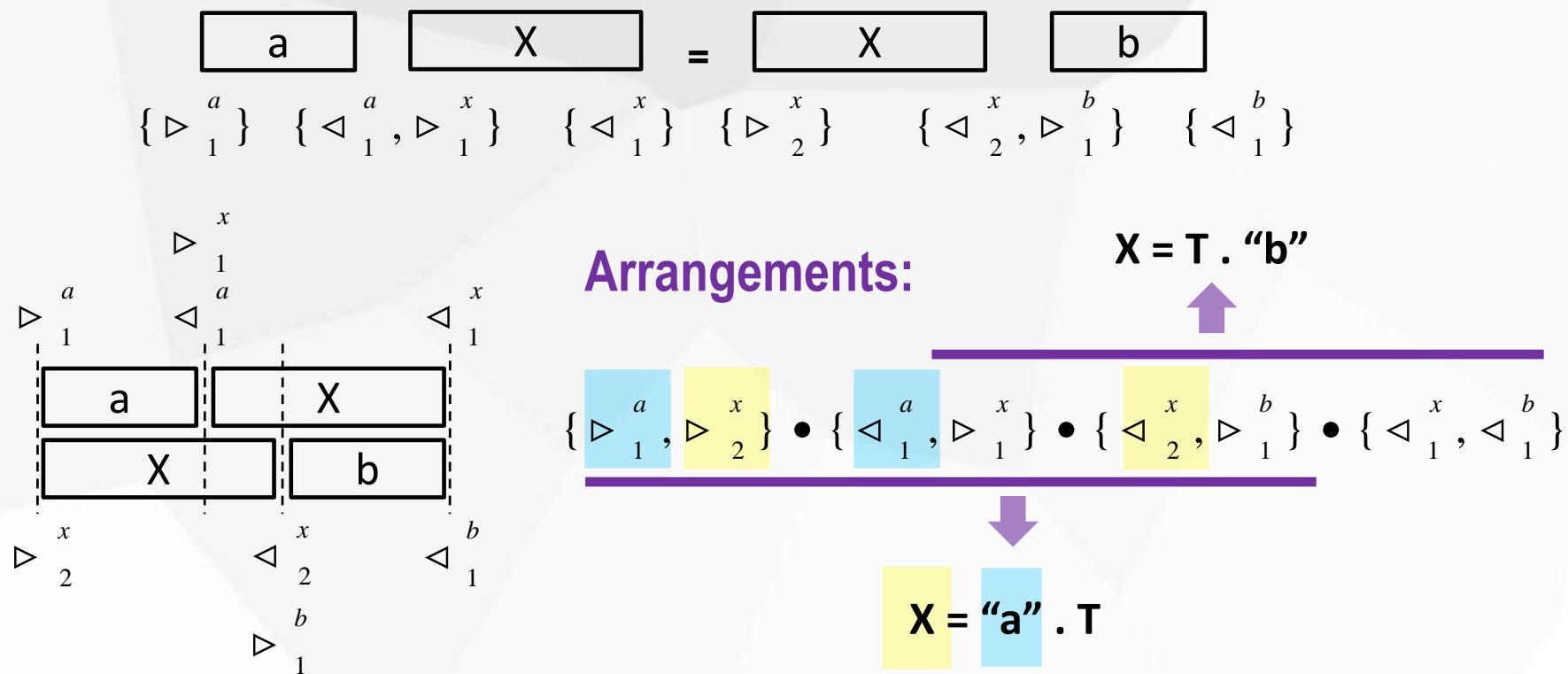
- ❖ Non-terminations caused by overlapping variables



This is a simple example. In general, loops may be formed via multiple equations

Overlapping Variables

- ❖ A boundary label based system
 - Arrangement and sub-equation generation

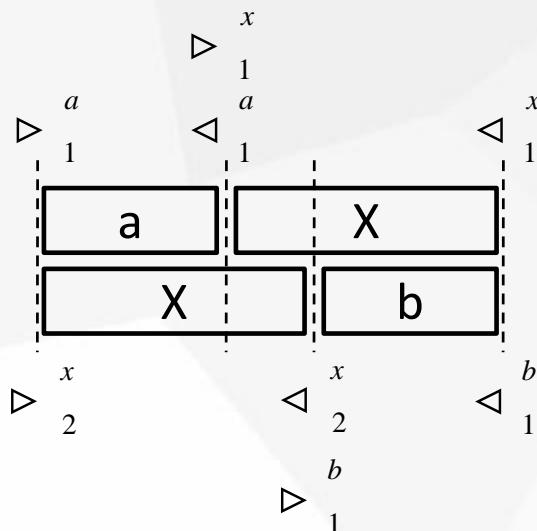


Overlapping Variables

❖ A boundary label based system

- Arrangement and sub-equation generation
- An algorithm detecting and avoiding such loops

$$\boxed{a} \quad \boxed{x} = \boxed{x} \quad \boxed{b}$$
$$\{\triangleright_1^a\} \quad \{\triangleleft_1^a, \triangleright_1^x\} \quad \{\triangleleft_1^x\} \quad \{\triangleright_2^x\} \quad \{\triangleleft_2^x, \triangleright_1^b\} \quad \{\triangleleft_1^b\}$$



Arrangements:

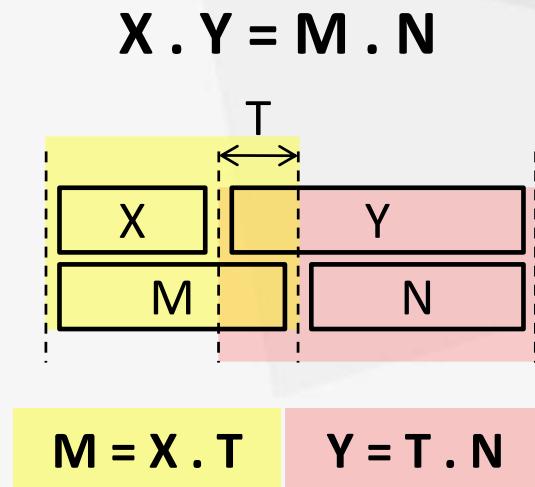
$$\{\triangleright_1^a, \triangleright_2^x\} \bullet \{\triangleleft_1^a, \triangleright_1^x\} \bullet \{\triangleleft_2^x, \triangleright_1^b\} \bullet \{\triangleleft_1^x, \triangleleft_1^b\}$$



Overlap Detected

String and Integer Theory Integration

❖ Undesirable searches in the integer theory (1)



String
Theory

$\text{Len}(T) > 0$
 $\text{Len}(M) = \text{Len}(X) + \text{Len}(T)$
 $\text{Len}(Y) = \text{Len}(T) + \text{Len}(N)$

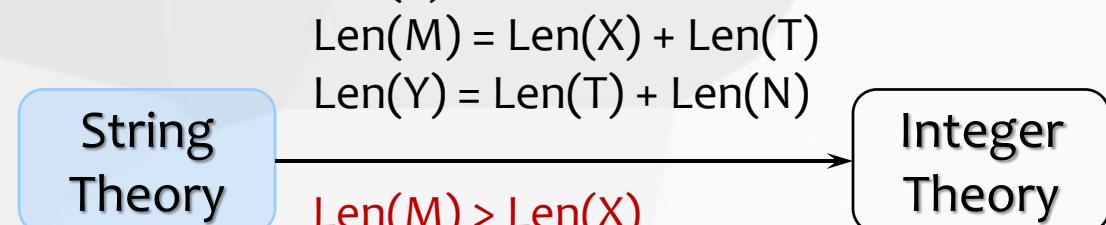
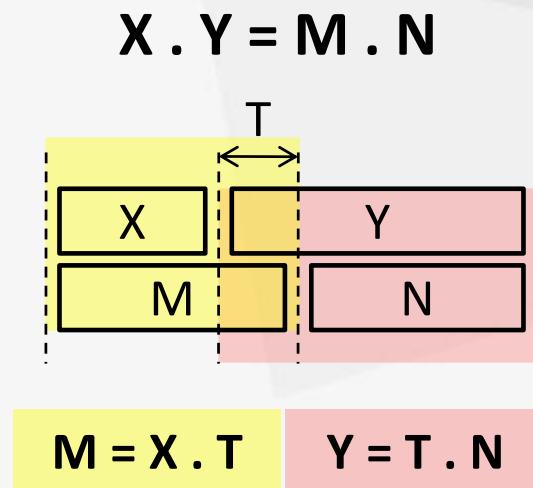
Integer
Theory

- $\text{Len}(M) > \text{Len}(X)$?
- $\text{Len}(M) = \text{Len}(X)$?
- $\text{Len}(M) < \text{Len}(X)$?

Unnecessary
Efforts

String and Integer Theory Integration

❖ Integration: string --> integer

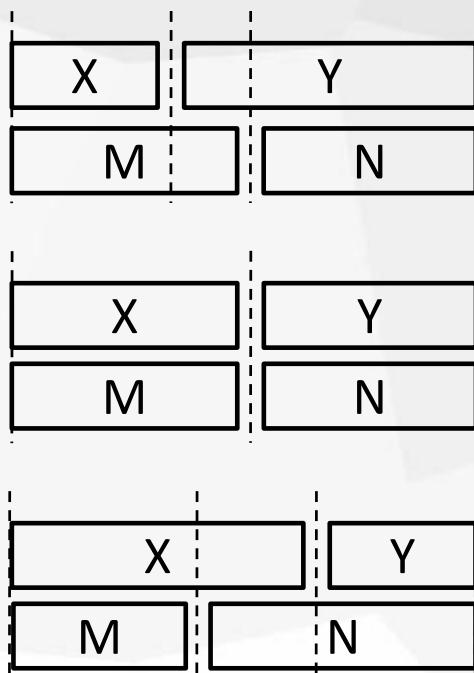


- $\text{Len}(M) > \text{Len}(X)$
- $\text{Len}(M) = \text{Len}(X)$
- $\text{Len}(M) < \text{Len}(X)$

String and Integer Theory Integration

❖ Undesirable searches in the string theory (2)

$$X . Y = M . N$$



String
Theory

Context:

$\text{Len}(M) < \text{Len}(X)$

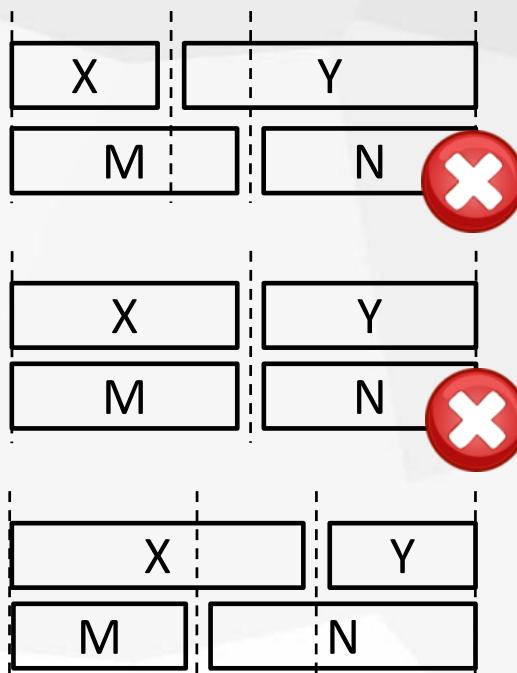
.....

Integer
Theory

String and Integer Theory Integration

❖ Undesirable searches in the string theory (2)

$$X . Y = M . N$$



Context:

$$\text{Len}(M) < \text{Len}(X)$$

.....

$$\text{Len}(M) < \text{Len}(X)$$

Integer
Theory

String
Theory

- Explore 1 arrangement instead of 3
- Space pruning without concrete length assignments (thanks to the SMT engine)

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Comparison Study Setting -- Solvers

❖ Word-based SMT String Solvers

- Z3str2 [CAV'15]
- Z3str2 without theory integration
- CVC4 (V1.5-prerelease) [CAV'14]
- S3 (built on top of Z3-str) [CCS'14]

❖ Bit-vector based String Solvers

- Kaluza (the version from the CVC4 paper) [S&P'10]

❖ Automata-based String Solvers

- PISA-MONA [ISSTA'11]
- Stranger (a patched version by the Stranger team) [TACAS'10]

Comparison Study Setting -- Benchmarks

❖ Bug finding / Testing

- **Kaluza Suite**: generated from JavaScript symbolic execution [S&P'10]
 - String operators: Length, Equivalence, Concat, Regex
- **Kausler Suite**: Java dynamic symbolic execution [ASE'14]
 - Pure string constraints (constant indices and length bounds)

❖ Security Analysis

- **PISA Suite** [ISSTA'11]
 - Java Sanitizer Analysis
- **AppScan Suite**
 - JavaScript Security warning outputs of IBM Security AppScan Source Edition
- A rich set of string operators

Bug finding / Testing: Kaluza Suite

	Z3str2		Z3str2 w/o integration		CVC4		S3		Kaluza	
Answer Verification	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗
SAT	34,859	0	32,752	0	33,190	0	32,503	488	21,651	n/a+
UNSAT	11,799	0	11,313	0	11,625	0	11,351	412	12,099	10,909
Unknown	626 (1.3%)		395 (0.8%)		0		0		0	
Timeout (20s)	0		2,824		2,469		989		340	
Tool reports error	0		0		0		2		2285	
crash	0		0		0		1539		0	
Total time (sec)	4288.8 (1x)		61,232.8 (14.3x)		52,478.8 (12.2x)		22543.4 (5.3x)		46753.9 (10.9x)	
Avg time (sec)	0.091		1.295		1.110		0.477		0.989	

+ Kaluza only provides assignments for variable matching the query string, we cannot verify.

Bug finding / Testing: Kaluza Suite

	Z3str2		Z3str2 w/o integration		CVC4		S3		Kaluza	
Answer Verification	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗
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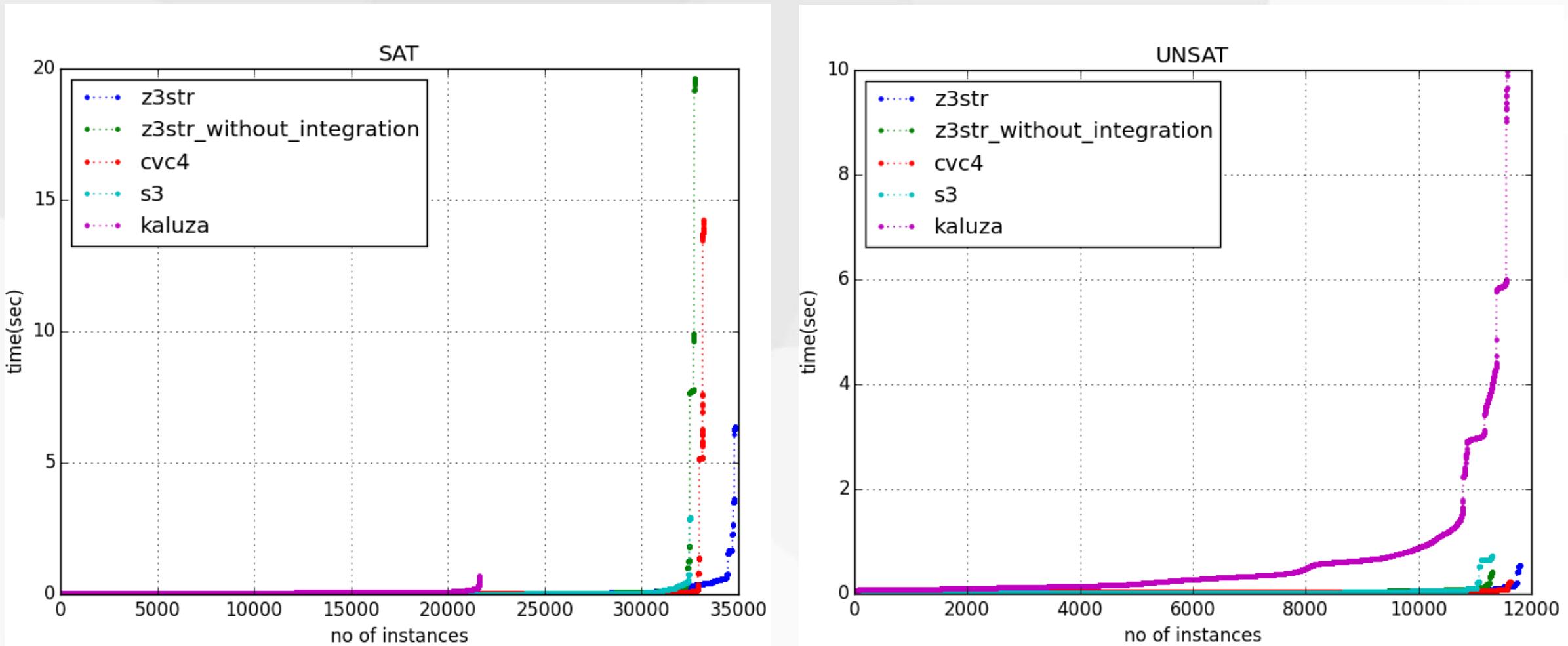
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+ Kaluza only provides assignments for variable matching the query string, we cannot verify.

Bug finding / Testing: Kaluza Suite



Cactus Plots
(incorrect results excluded)

Bug finding / Testing: Kausler Suite

		Avg time per instance (ms)	
	Instance #	Z3str2	Stranger
Beasties	7230	6.4	51.8
jerichoHTMLParser	1275	10.7	5.9
mathParser	9138	39.9	1.4
mathQuizGame	21	7.1	9.4
naturalCLI	2367	23.4	3.0

- The cases where Stranger crashed or hanged are excluded
- Stranger over-approximates dis-equalities (\neq) among variables that can represent multiple strings. We believe the constraints are thus easier for stranger.

Security analysis: PISA Suite

		Z3str2			CVC4			PISA-MONA		
				time(s)			time(s)			time(s)
PISA-000.smt2	contains, indexof, substring	sat	✓	0.164	sat	✓	0.264	sat	?	0.029
PISA-001.smt2	contains, indexof, substring	sat	✓	0.114	sat	✓	0.032	---	+	---
PISA-002.smt2	contains	sat	✓	0.114	sat	✓	50.871	---	+	---
PISA-003.smt2	contains, concat	unsat	✓	0.064	timeout		200.00	---	+	---
PISA-004.smt2	contains, indexof, length, lastIndexof, substring	unsat	✓	0.038	timeout		0.165	unsat	✓	0.041
PISA-005.smt2	Indexof, lastIndexof, length, substring	sat	✓	0.115	sat	✓	200.00	---	+	---
PISA-006.smt2	Indexof, lastIndexof, length, substring	unsat	✓	0.039	timeout		200.00	unsat	✓	0.038
PISA-007.smt2	Indexof, lastIndexof, length, substring, contains	unsat	✓	0.042	timeout		200.00	unsat	✓	0.039
PISA-008.smt2	replace, contains	sat	✓	0.214	timeout		200.00	sat	?*	0.031
PISA-009.smt2	replace, concat, contains	sat	✓	0.447	sat	✓	0.046	sat	?*	0.054
PISA-010.smt2	replace, concat	sat	✓	0.165	timeout		200.00	---	+	---
PISA-011.smt2	replace, concat	sat	✓	0.115	sat	✓	0.016	---	+	---

+ We could not generate constraints without changing PISA

* No string solutions are generated so it's not verifiable

Security analysis: PISA Suite

		Z3str2			CVC4			PISA-MONA		
				time(s)			time(s)			time(s)
PISA-000.smt2	contains, indexof, substring	sat	✓	0.164	sat	✓	0.264	sat	?	0.029
PISA-001.smt2	contains, indexof, substring	sat	✓	0.114	sat	✓	0.032	---	+	---
PISA-002.smt2	contains	sat	✓	0.114	sat	✓	50.871	---	+	---
PISA-003.smt2	contains, concat	unsat	✓	0.064	timeout		200.00	---	+	---
PISA-004.smt2	contains, indexof, length, lastIndexof, substring	unsat	✓	0.038	timeout		0.165	unsat	✓	0.041
PISA-005.smt2	Indexof, lastIndexof, length, substring	sat	✓	0.115	sat	✓	200.00	---	+	---
PISA-006.smt2	Indexof, lastIndexof, length, substring	unsat	✓	0.039	timeout		200.00	unsat	✓	0.038
PISA-007.smt2	Indexof, lastIndexof, length, substring, contains	unsat	✓	0.042	timeout		200.00	unsat	✓	0.039
PISA-008.smt2	replace, contains	sat	✓	0.214	timeout		200.00	sat	?*	0.031
PISA-009.smt2	replace, concat, contains	sat	✓	0.447	sat	✓	0.046	sat	?*	0.054
PISA-010.smt2	replace, concat	sat	✓	0.165	timeout		200.00	---	+	---
PISA-011.smt2	replace, concat	sat	✓	0.115	sat	✓	0.016	---	+	---

+ We could not generate constraints without changing PISA

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Security analysis: AppScan Suite

		Z3str2		CVC4	
				time(s)	
t01.smt2	indexof, substring	sat	✓	0.265	timeout
t02.smt2	concat, membership, regexConcat, regexUnion, str2Regex, length	sat	✓	0.215	sat ✓ 0.026
t03.smt2	concat, membership, regexConcat, regexUnion, str2Regex, length	sat	✓	2.519	timeout
t04.smt2	concat, membership, regexConcat, regexUnion, str2Regex, length	sat	✓	4.574	timeout
t05.smt2	concat, membership, regexConcat, regexUnion, str2Regex, length, substring	sat	✓	2.779	timeout
t06.smt2	concat, indexof, endsWith	sat	✓	0.214	sat ✓ 3.021
t07.smt2	concat, regexStar, Str2Regex, endsWith, regexUnion, membership, startsWith	sat	✓	0.114	sat ✓ 0.115
t08.smt2	concat, regexStar, Str2Regex, endsWith, regexUnion, membership, startsWith	sat	✓	0.164	sat ✓ 151.66

Conclusion

- ❖ **Z3str2: An SMT string constraint solver**
 - A Solver for Strings, Regex and Length Constraints
 - Source code and benchmarks are available @ <https://sites.google.com/site/z3strsolver/>
- ❖ **Two search-space pruning techniques**
 - Overlapping variables detection
 - Tight bi-directional integer-string theory integration
- ❖ **We show the efficacy on two groups of benchmark sets**
 - Bug findings
 - Security analysis

THANKS!



<https://sites.google.com/site/z3strsolver/>



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