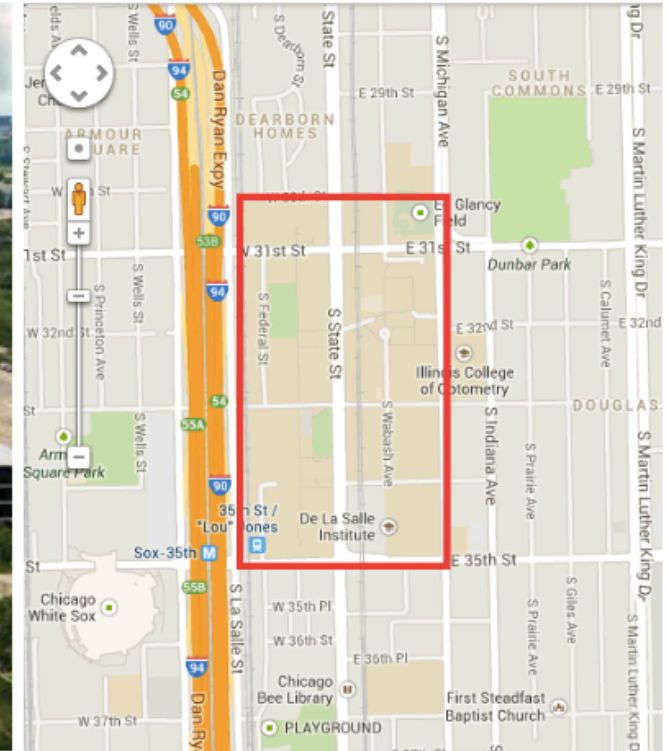


Enabling a Cyber-Resilient and Secure Energy Infrastructure with Software-Defined Networking



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SoS Lablet/R2 Monthly Meeting, Jan 2017

Part of the SoS Lablet with

- David Nicol
- Bill Sanders
- Matthew Caesar
- Brighten Godfrey



Project Progress

Publications in the current quarter (Oct – Dec 2016)

- Jiaqi Yan and Dong Jin. “A Lightweight Container-based Virtual Time System for Software-defined Network Emulation,” Journal of Simulation, November 2016
- Xin Liu and Dong Jin. “ConVenus: Congestion Verification of Network Updates in Software-defined Networks.” Winter Simulation Conference (WSC), December 2016
- Ning Liu, Adnan Haider, Dong Jin and Xian-He Sun. “A Modeling and Simulation of Extreme-Scale Fat-Tree Networks for HPC Systems and Data Centers,” ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), December 2016

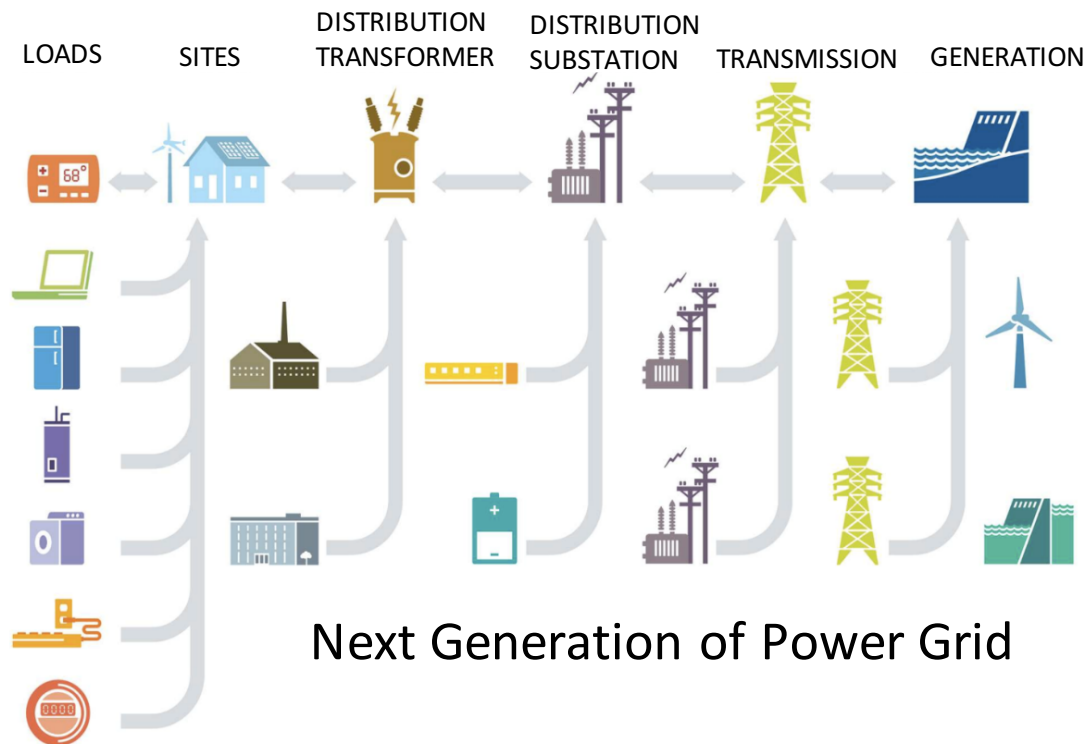
Project Progress

Paper submitted in the current quarter (Oct – Dec 2016)

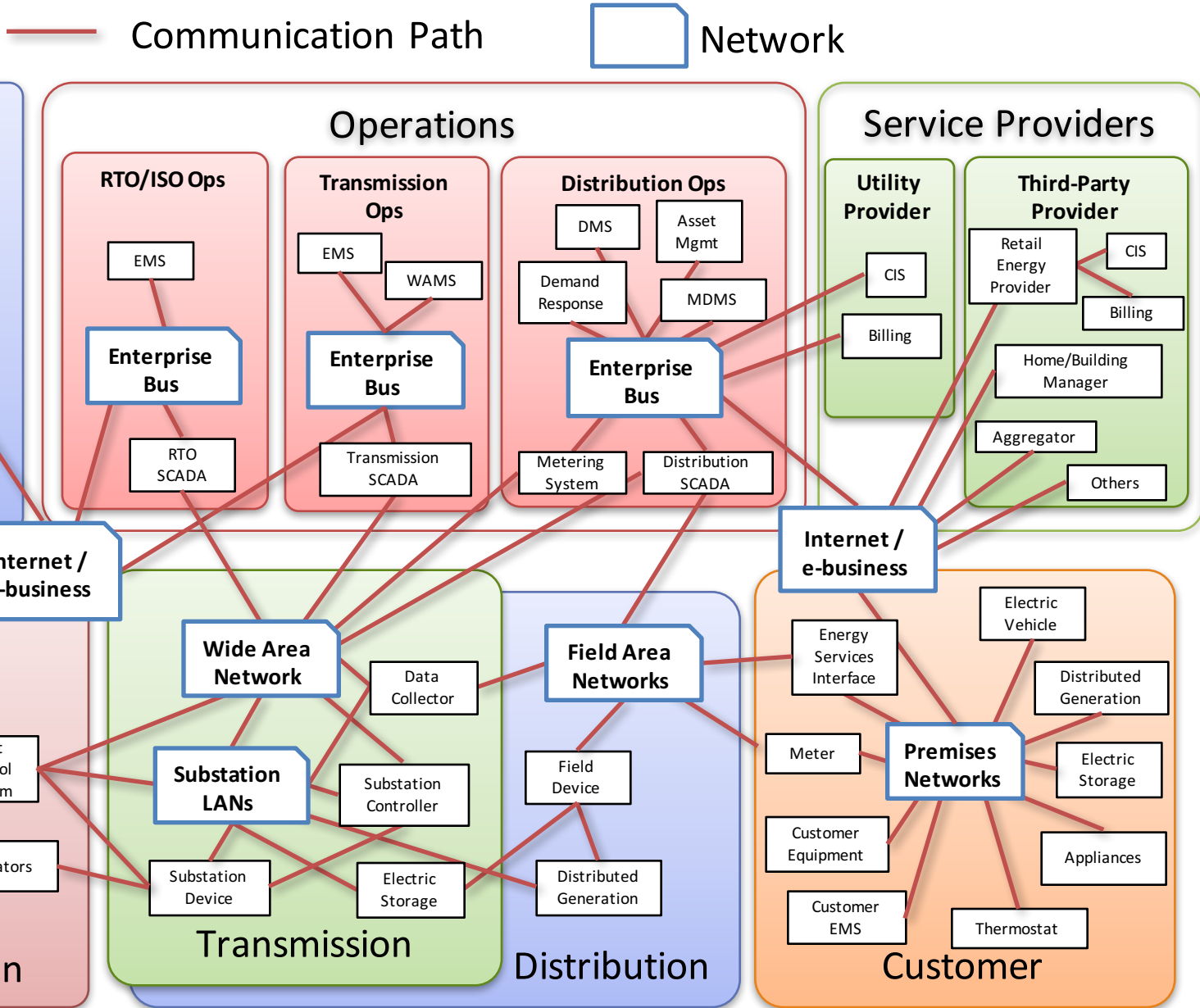
- Dong Jin, Zhiyi Li, Christopher Hannon, Chen Chen, Jianhui Wang, Mohammad Shahidehpour, Cheol Won Lee and Jong Cheol Moon. “Towards a Resilient and Secure Microgrid Using Software-Defined Networking,” IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid, Special section on Smart Grid Cyber-Physical Security (Second round review)
- Christopher Hannon, Jiaqi Yan, Dong Jin, Chen Chen, and Jianhui Wang. “Combining Simulation and Emulation Systems for Smart Grid Planning and Evaluation,” ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS)
- Christopher Hannon, Dong Jin, Chen Chen, and Jianhui Wang, “Ultimate Forwarding Resilience in OpenFlow Networks,” ACM SIGCOMM Symposium on SDN Research 2016

Industrial Control Systems (ICS)

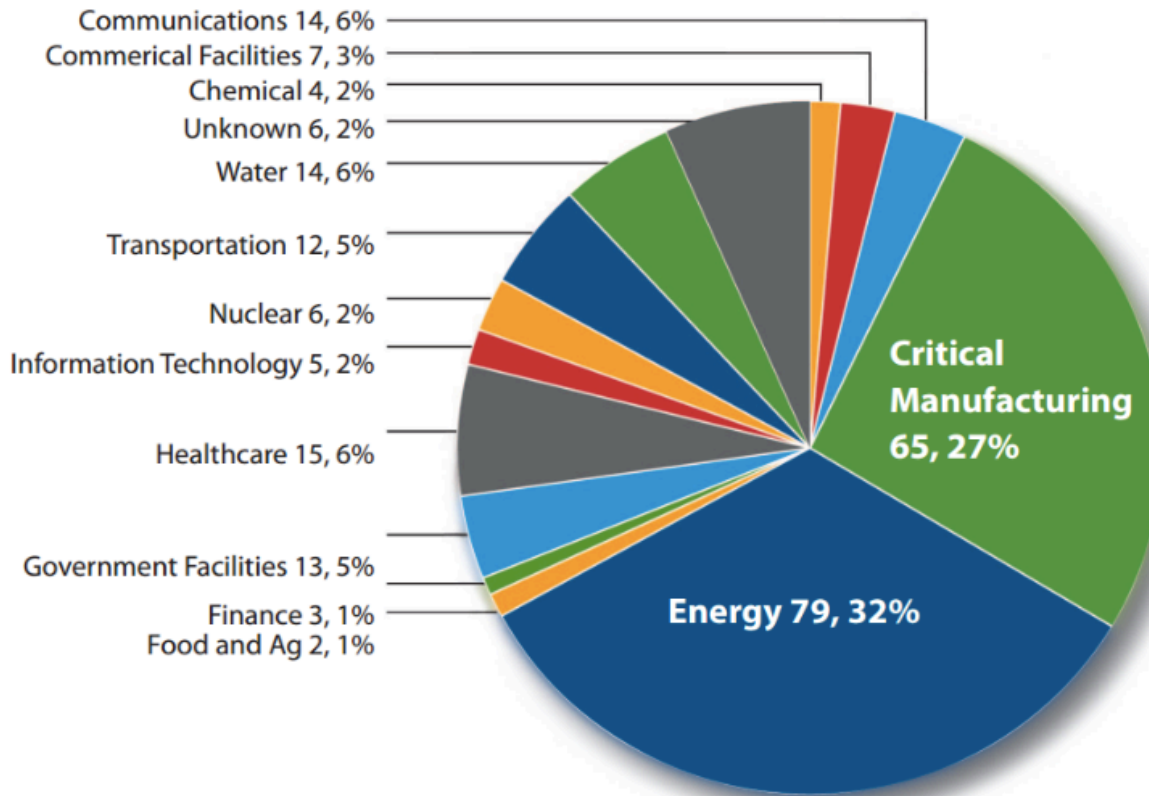
- Control many critical infrastructures
 - e.g., power grids, gas and oil distribution networks, wastewater treatment, transportation systems ...
- Modern ICSes increasingly adopt Internet technology to boost control efficiency, e.g., smart grid



More Efficient or More Vulnerable?



Cyber Threats in Power Grids



- 245 incidents, reported by ICS-CERT
- 32% in energy sector

Ukraine Power Grid Cyber Attack

- 80,000 residents in western Ukraine
- 6 hours, 134 MW power lost in Dec 2015

Ukraine Goes Dark: Russia-Attributed Hackers Take Down Power Grid

Riley Walters / January 13, 2016 / 1 comments

Picture source: 1. National Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Center (NCCIC). ICS-CERT Monitor Sep 2014–Feb 2015
2. <http://dailysignal.com/2016/01/13/ukraine-goes-dark-russia-attributed-hackers-take-down-power-grid/>

Protection of Industrial Control Systems

- Commercial off-the-shelf products
 - e.g., firewalls, antivirus software
 - fine-grained protection at single device only
- How to check **system-wide** requirements
 - Security policy (e.g., access control)
 - Performance requirement (e.g., end-to-end delay)
- How to safely incorporate existing networking technologies in control system infrastructures?

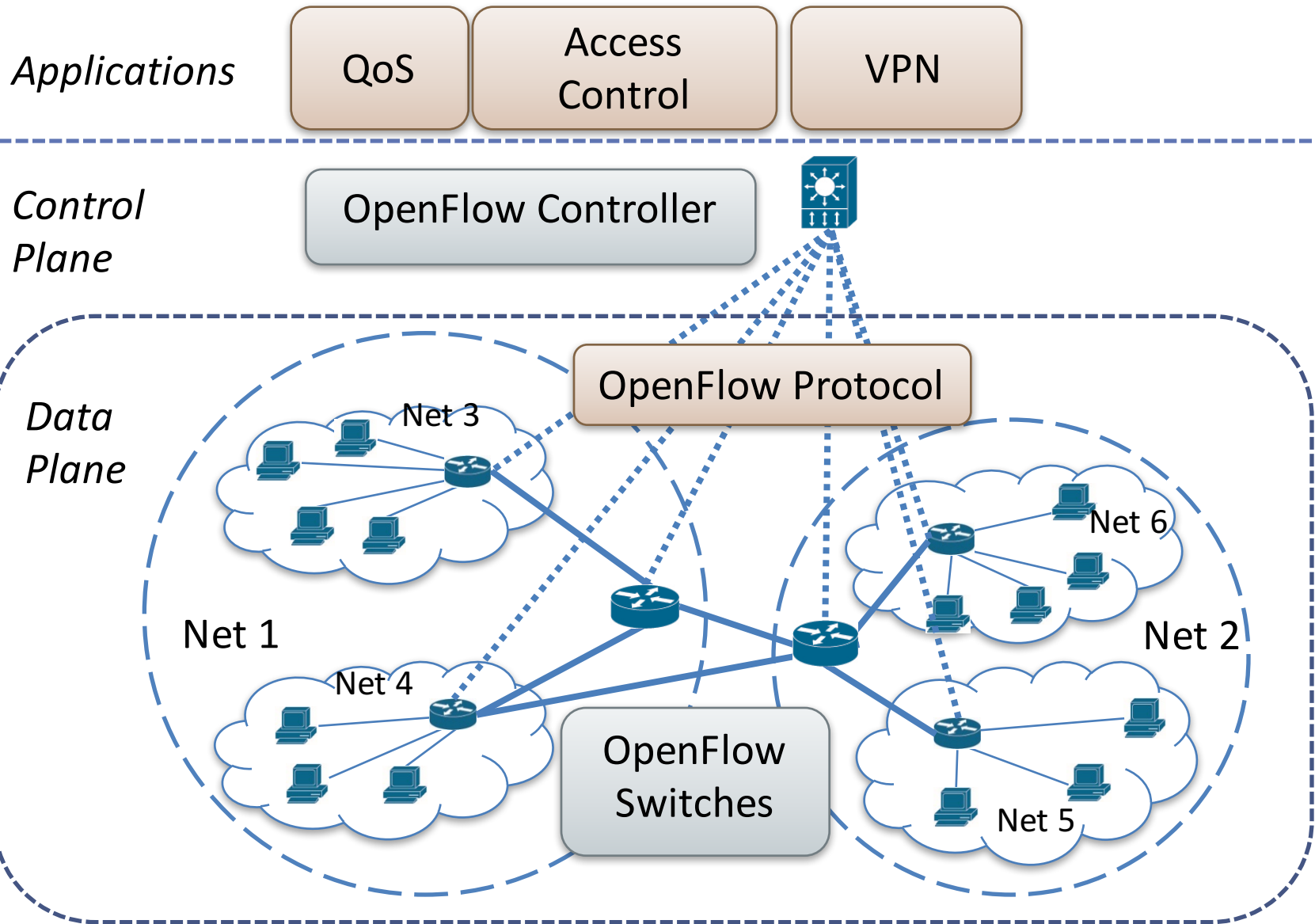
Problem Statement

- Minimize the gaps with an SDN-enabled communication architecture for ICS
- Create innovative SDN-aware applications for ICS security and resiliency
 - Real-time network verification
 - Self-healing network management
 - Context-aware intrusion detection
 - Many more ...

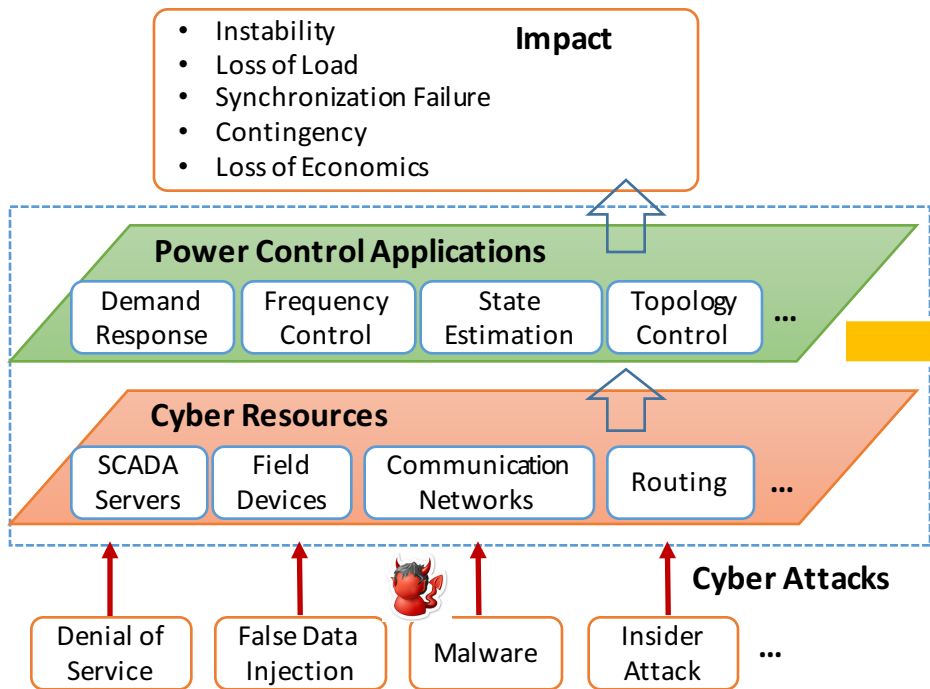
ICS – industrial control system

SDN – software-defined networking

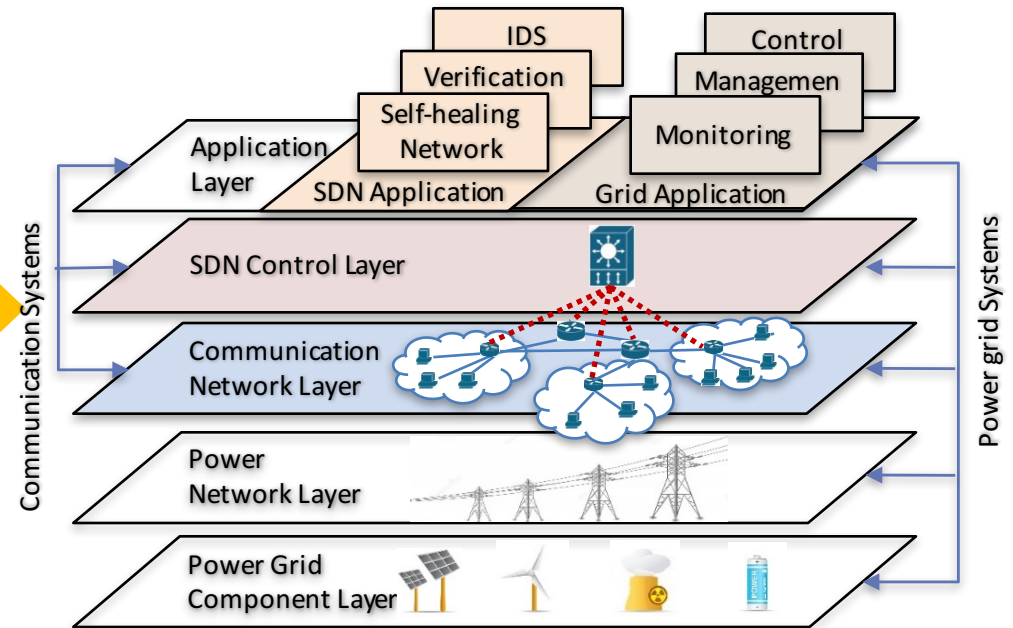
SDN Architecture



An SDN-Enabled Power Grid



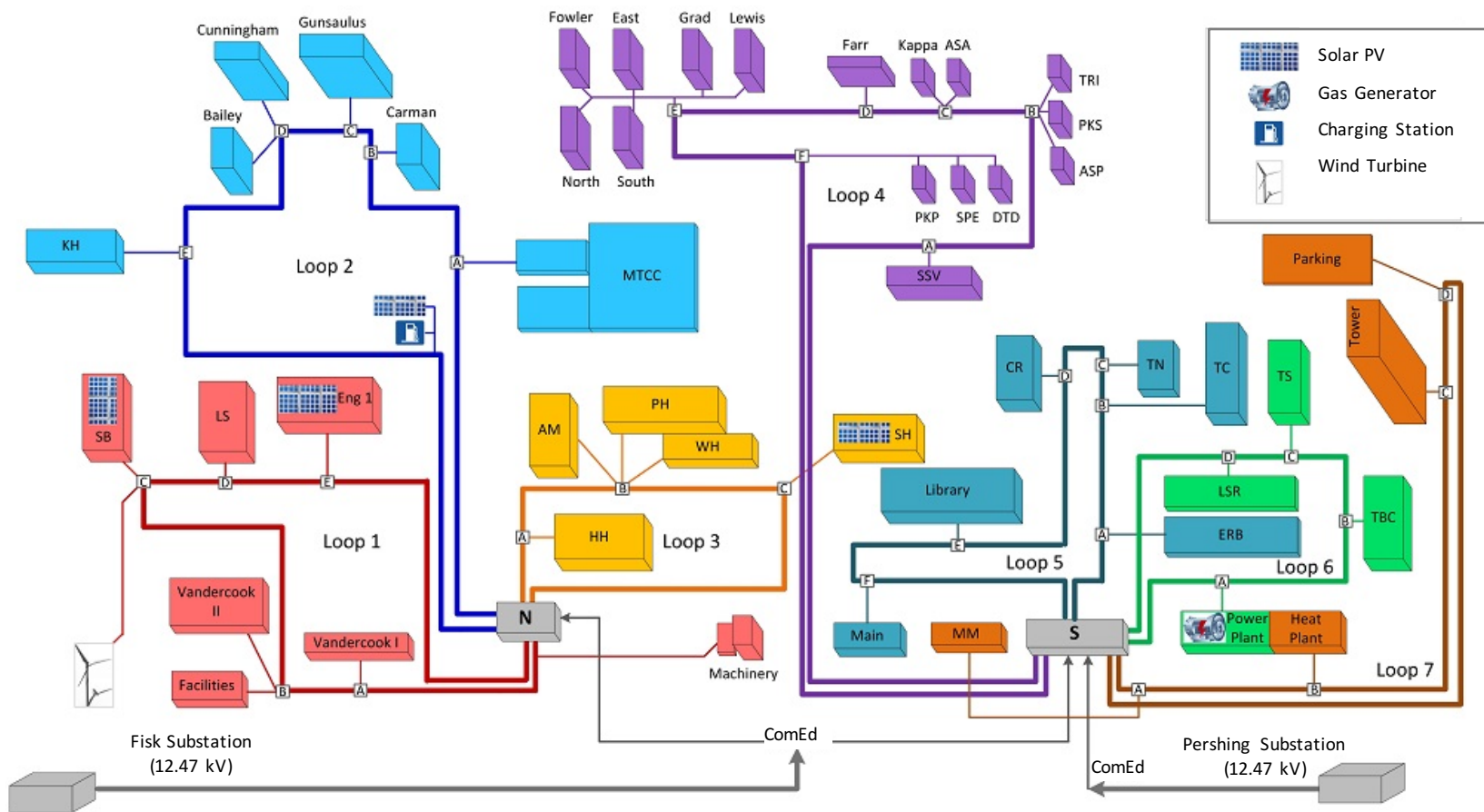
Current Power Grid: Potential Cyber Attacks and Their Implications

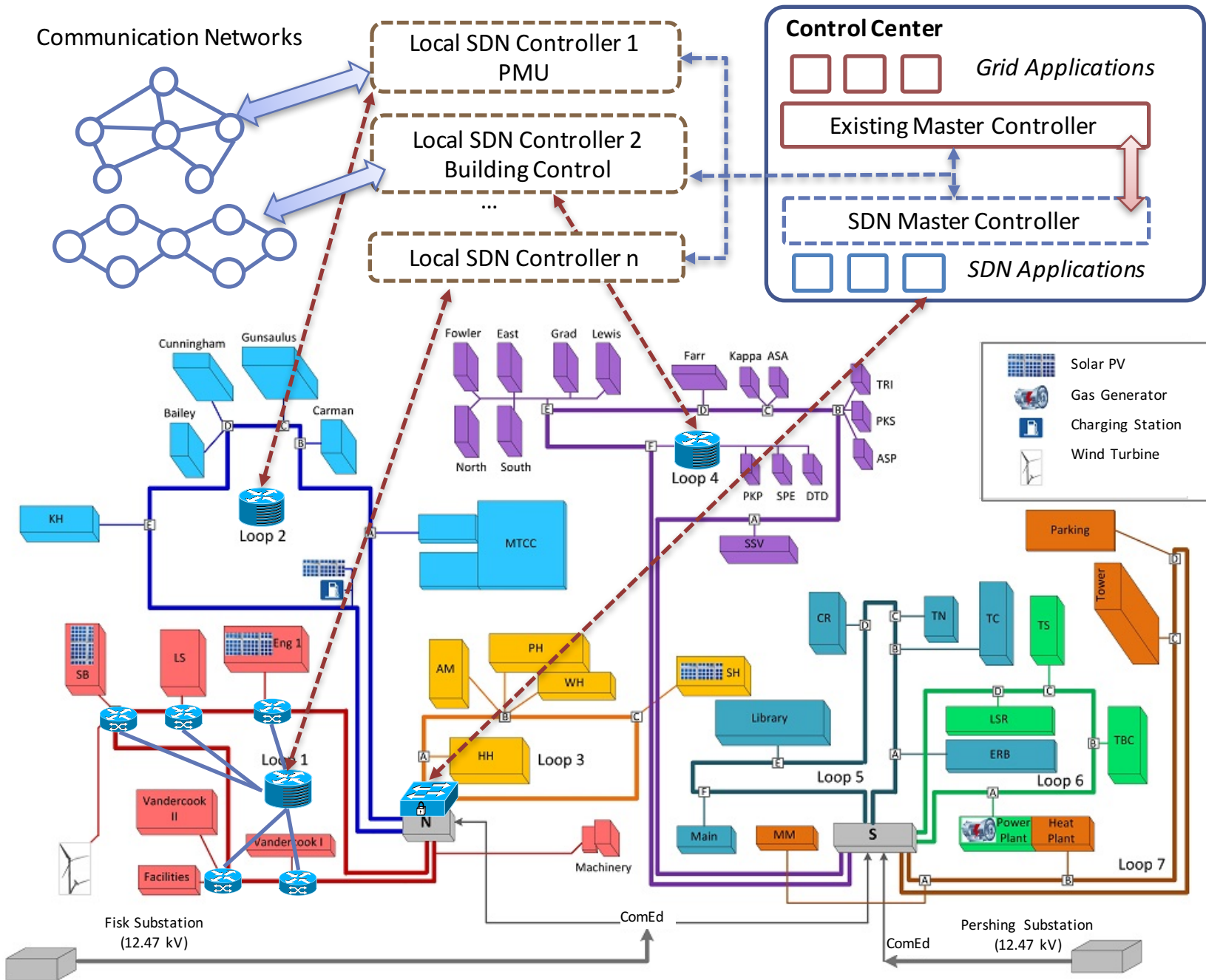


Future SDN-enabled Power Grid: A Cyber-Attack-Resilient Platform

Transition to an SDN-Enabled IIT Microgrid

- Real-time reconfiguration of power distribution assets
- Real-time islanding of critical loads
- Real-time optimization of power supply resources





Transition to an SDN-Enabled Microgrid

- SDN-based Applications
 - Real-time Verification
 - Self-healing PMU
- Hybrid Testbed
 - SDN emulation + Power Distribution System Simulation

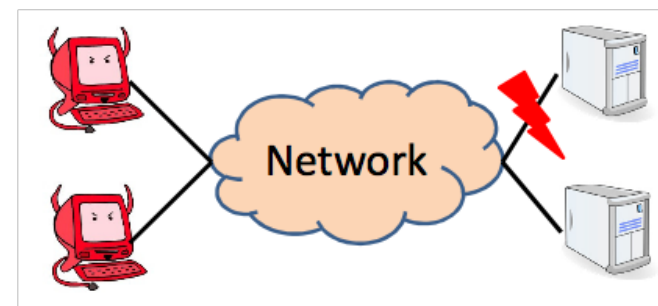
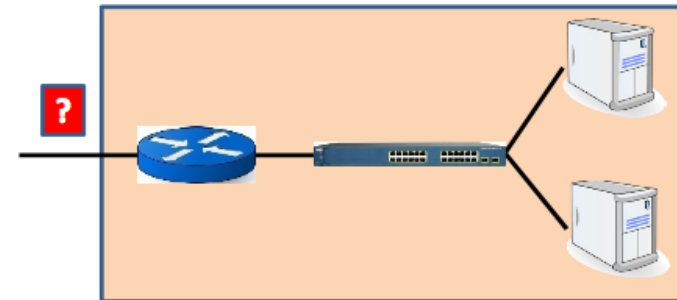
Application 1: Network Verification

– Motivation

89% of operators never sure that config changes are bug-free¹

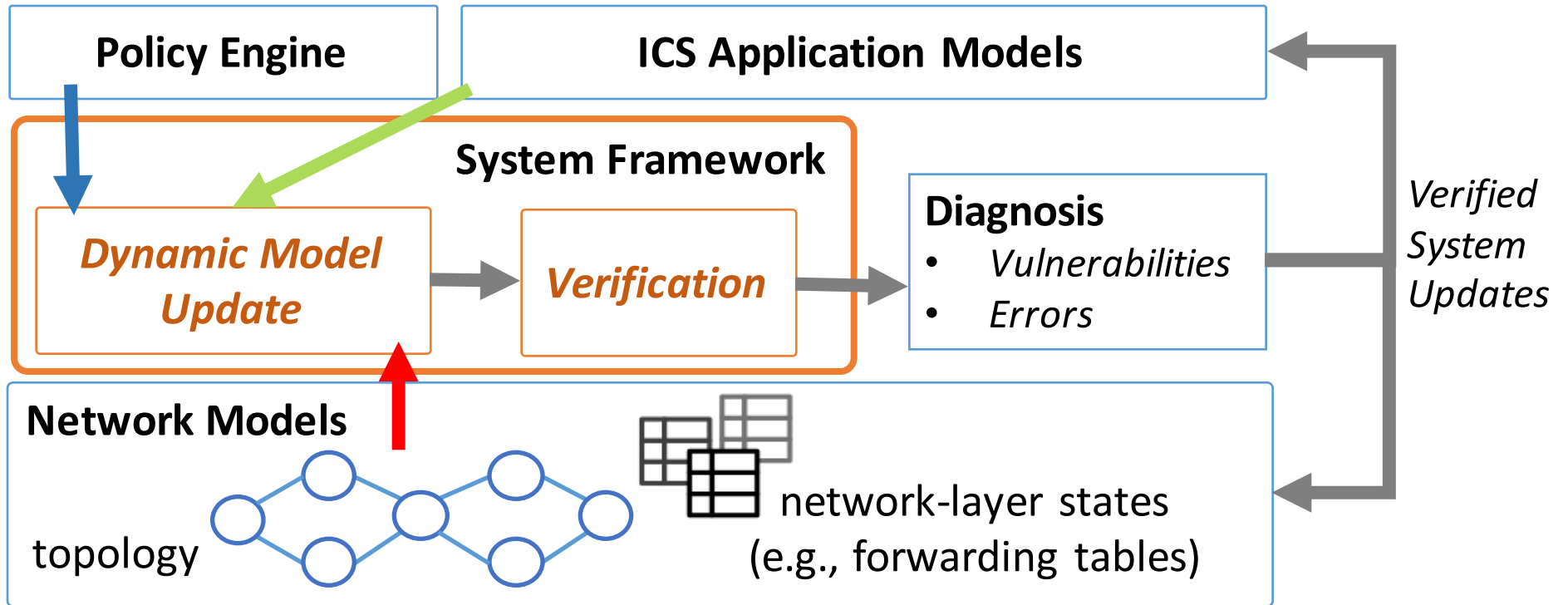
82% concerned that changes would cause problems with existing functionality¹

- Unauthorized access
- Unavailable critical services
- System performance drop
 - Instability
 - Loss of load
 - Synchronization Failure
- ...



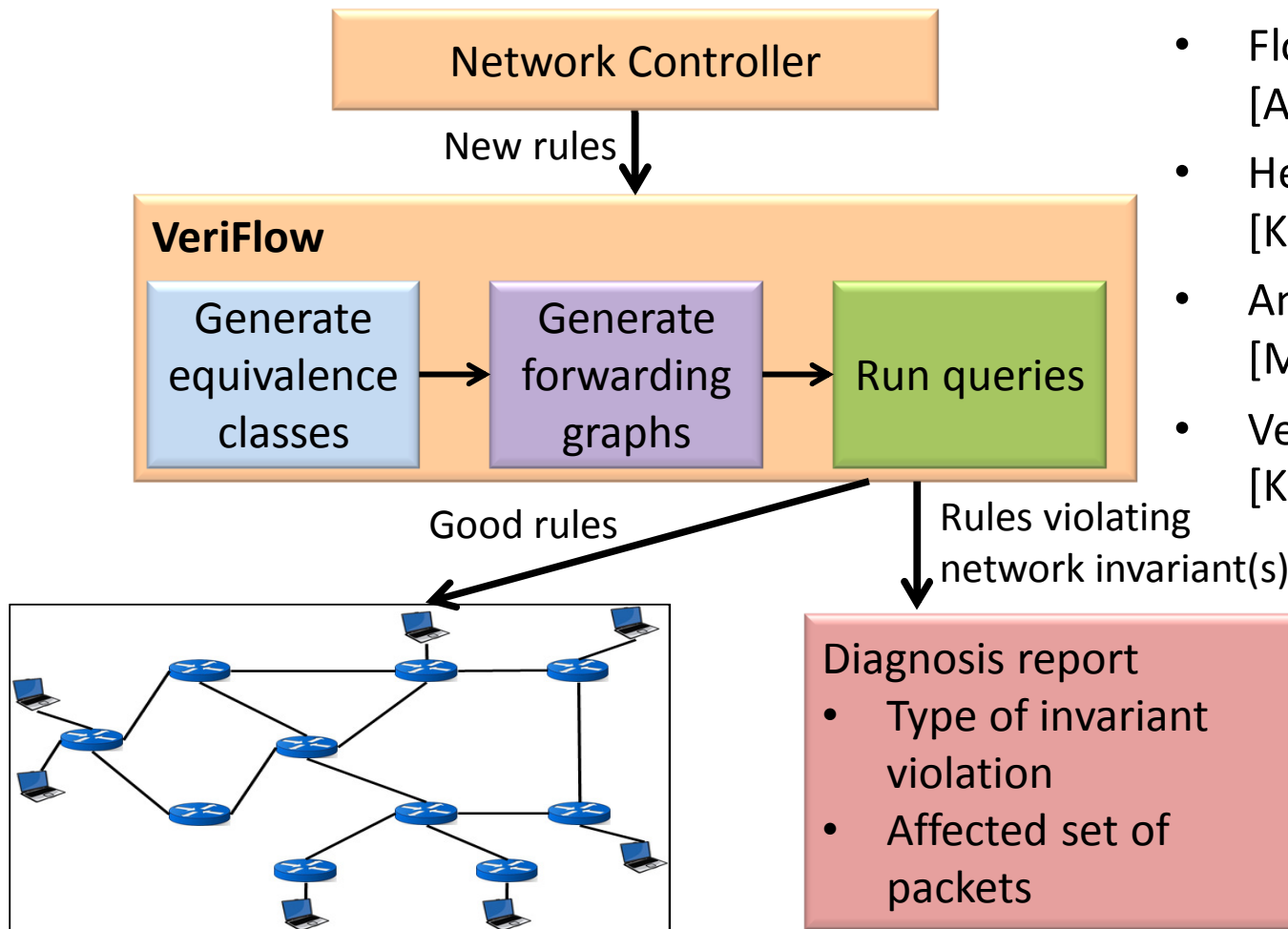
1. Survey of network operators: [Kim, Reich, Gupta, Shahbaz, Feamster, Clark, USENIX NSDI 2015]
2. Pictures borrowed from VeriFlow slides [Khurshid, Zou, Zhou, Caesar, Godfrey NSDI 2013]

Verification System Design



- Dynamic Network Data (topology, forwarding tables ...)
- Dynamic Application Data (control updates ...)
- User-specified Policy (security, performance ...)

Network-Layer Verification



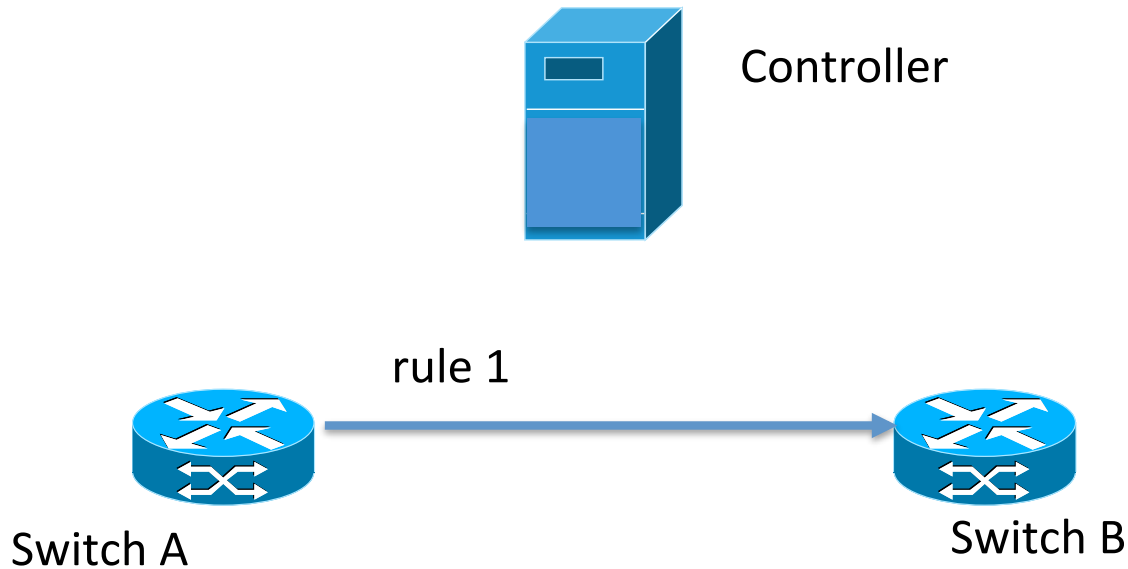
Prior Work

- FlowChecker [Al-Shaer et al., SafeConfig2010]
- HeaderSpaceAnalysis [Kazemian et al., NSDI2012]
- Anteater [Mai et al., SIGCOMM2011]
- VeriFlow [Khurshid et al., NSDI2012]

Challenges — Timing Uncertainty

Old config: Switch A => Switch B

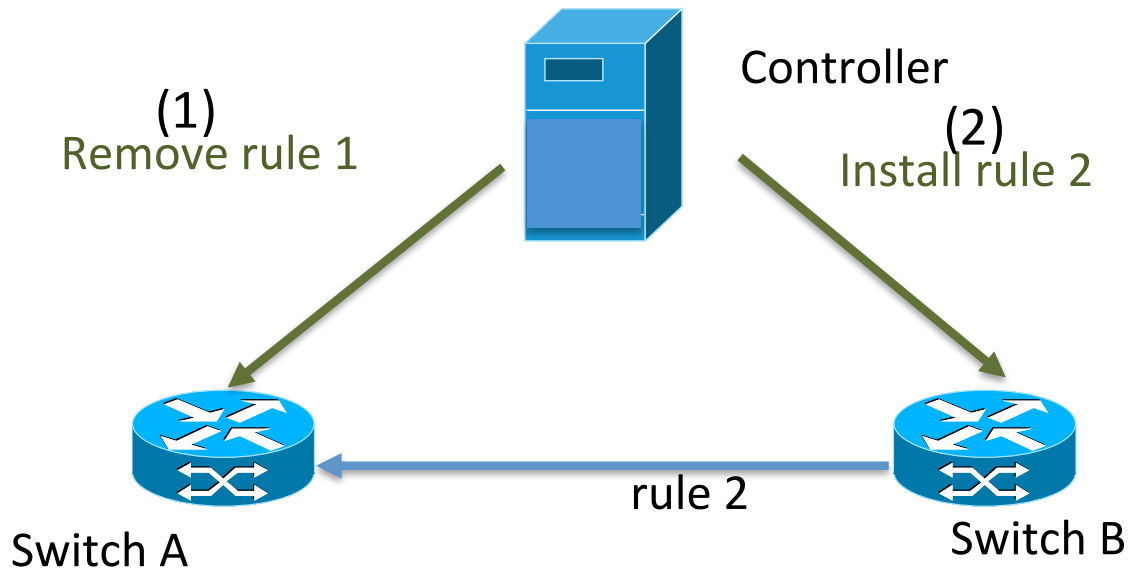
New config: Switch B => Switch A



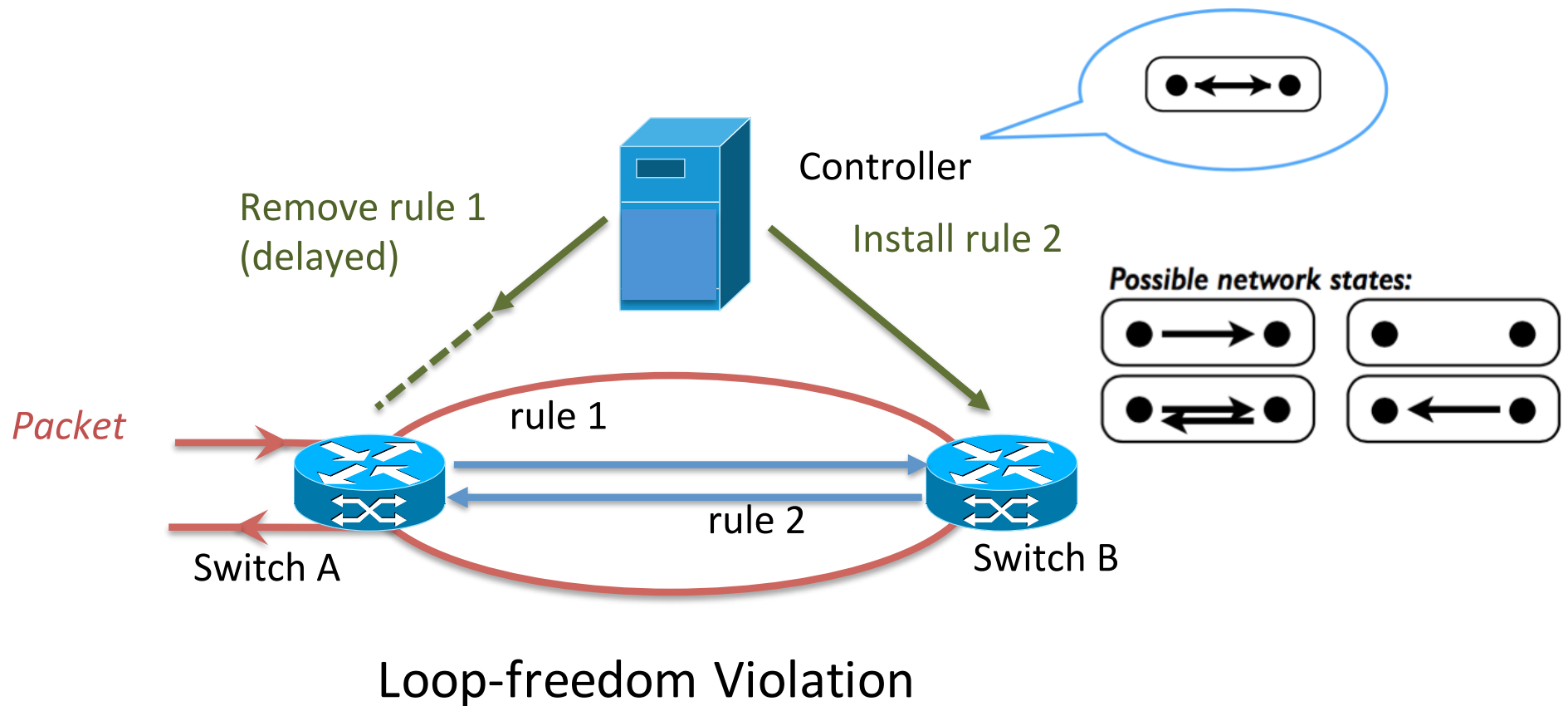
Challenges — Timing Uncertainty

Old config: Switch A => Switch B

New config: Switch B => Switch A

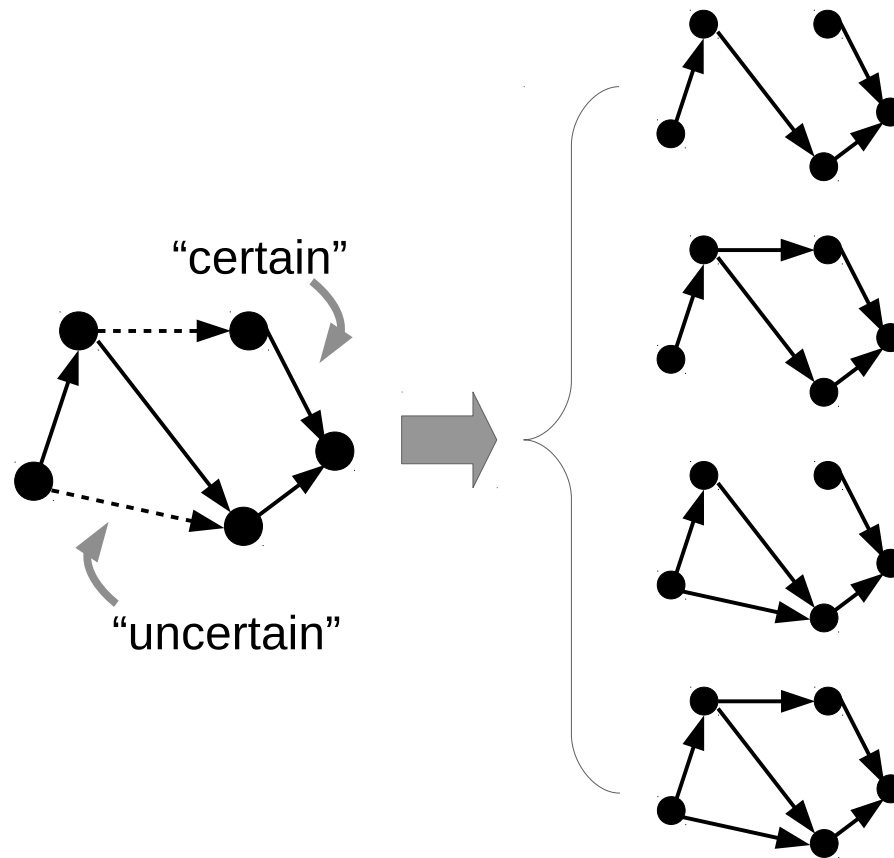


Challenges — Timing Uncertainty

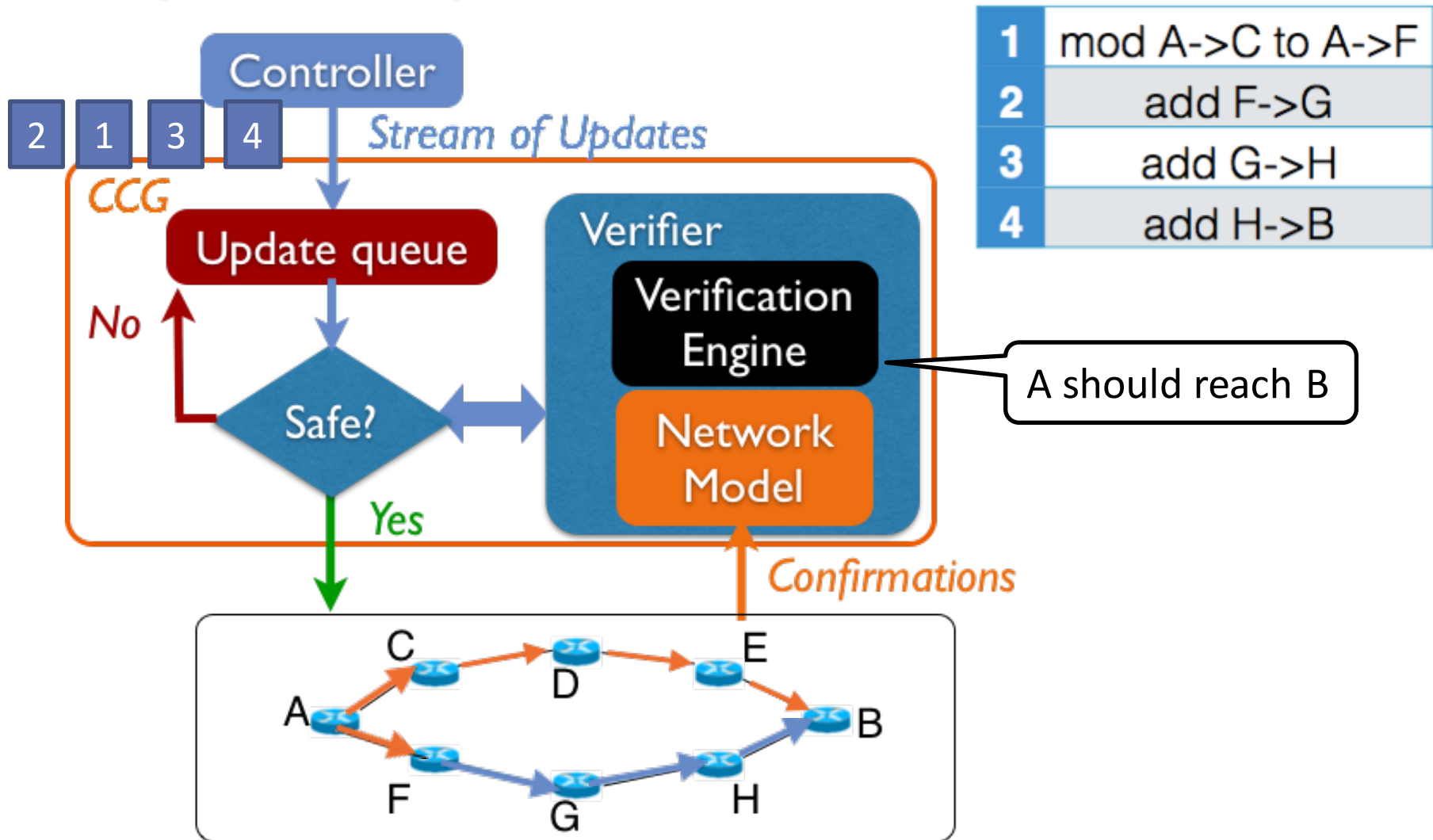


Uncertainty-aware Modeling

- Naively, represent every possible network state $O(2^n)$
- Uncertain graph: represent all possible combinations



Update synthesis via verification



Enforcing dynamic correctness with heuristically maximized parallelism

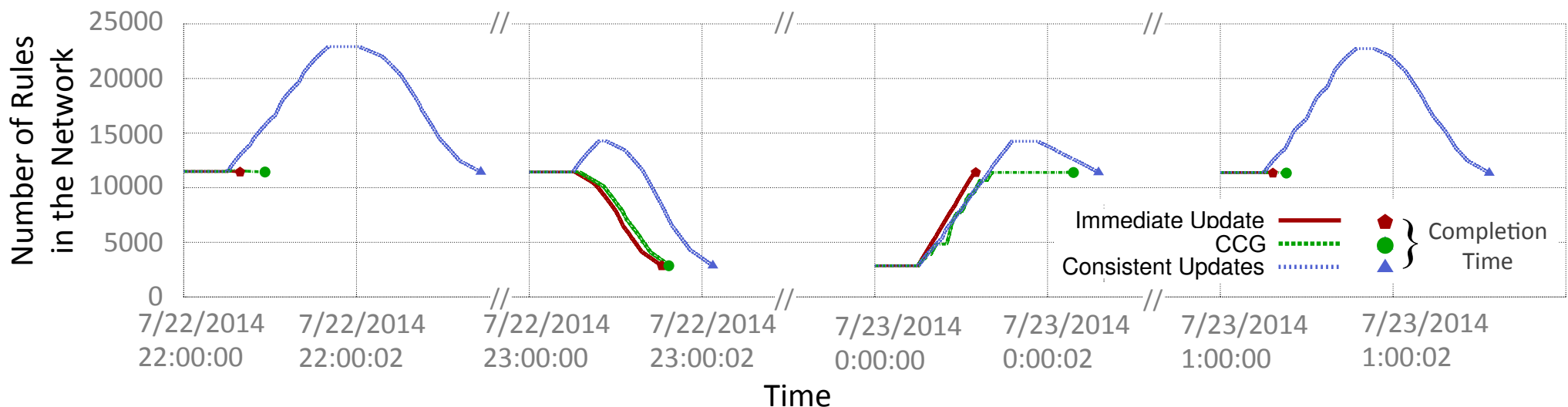
OK, but...

Can the system “deadlock”?

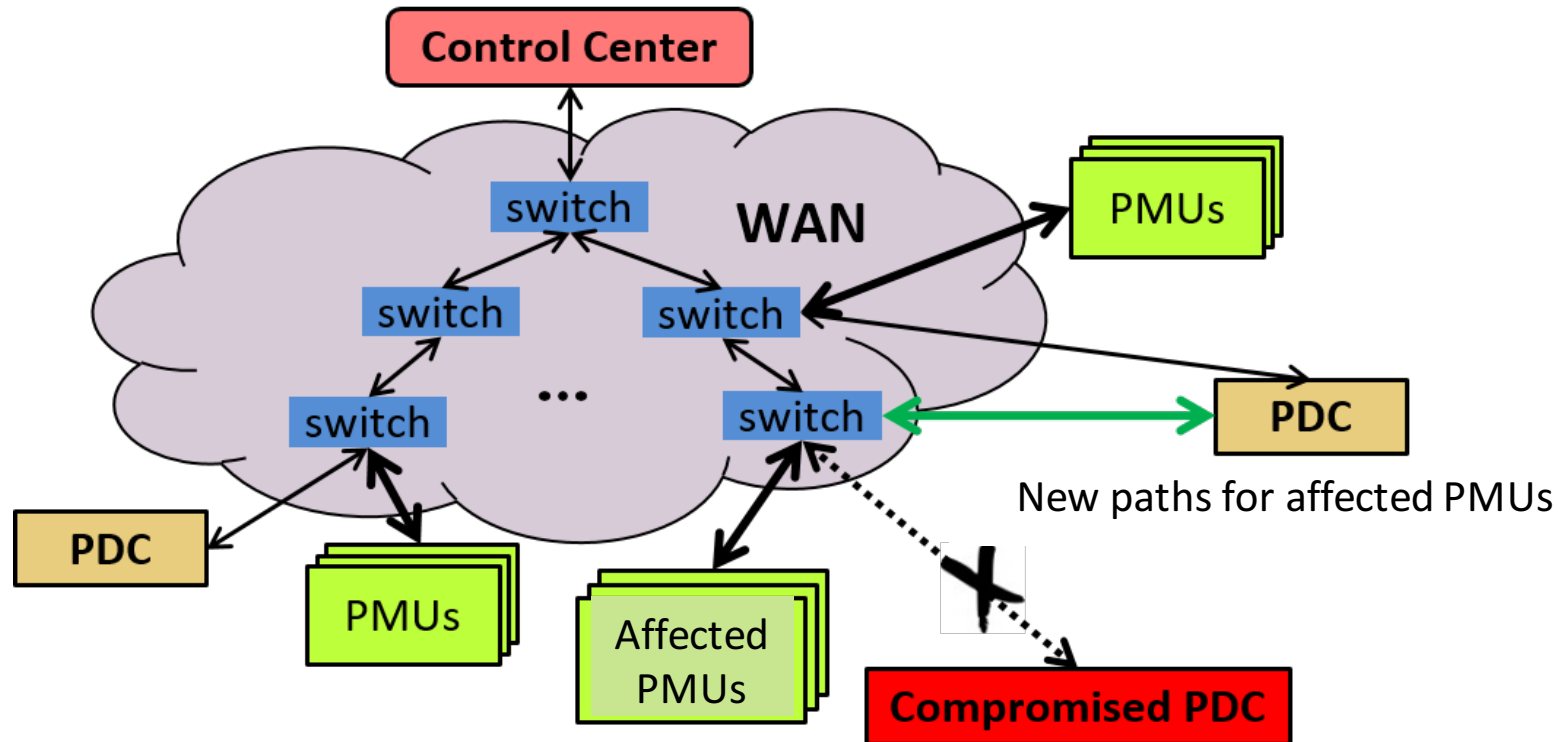
- Proved classes of networks that never deadlock
- Experimentally rare in practice!
- Last resort: heavyweight “fallback” like consistent updates

[Reitblatt et al, SIGCOMM 2012]

Is it fast?

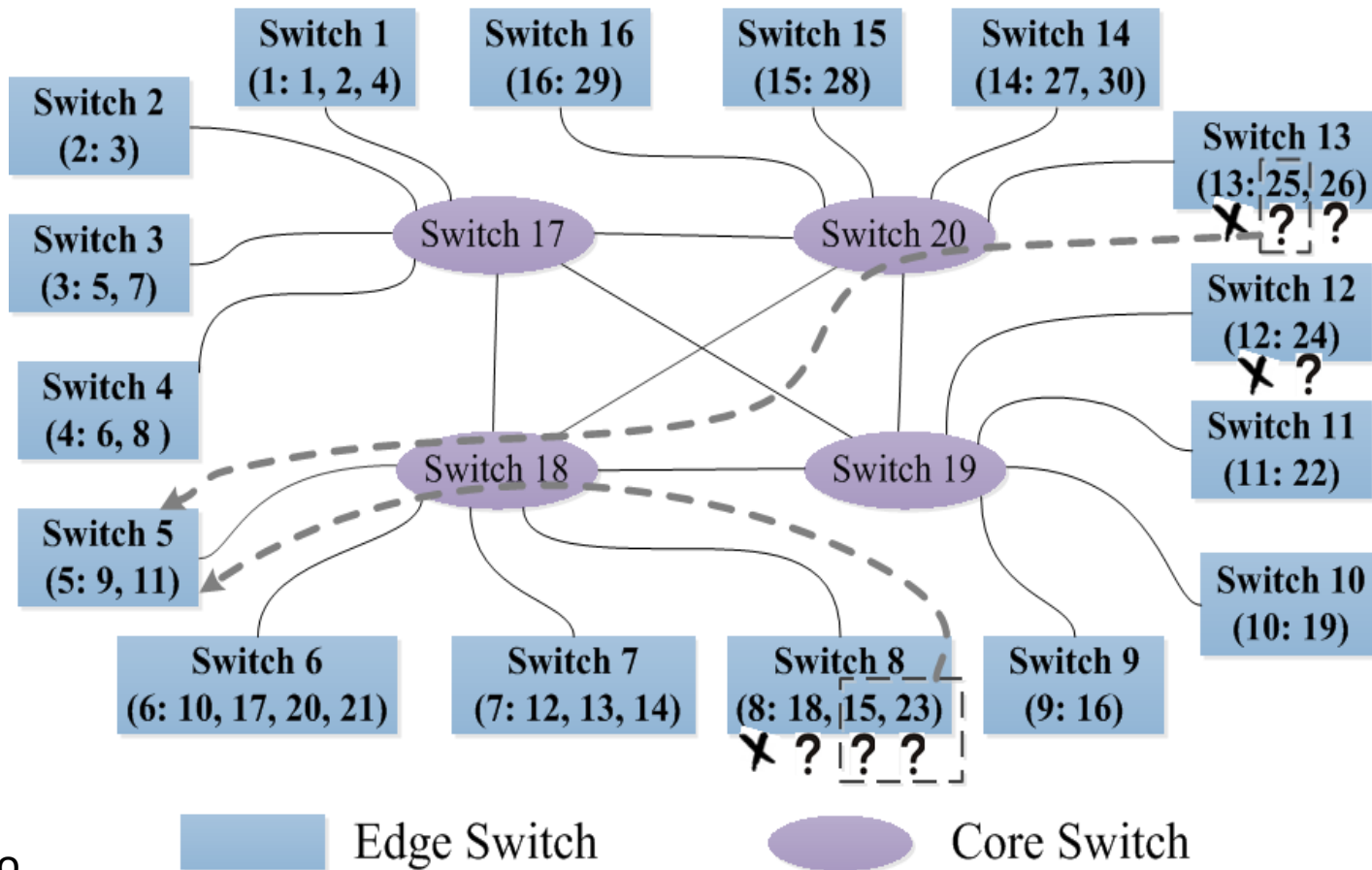


Application 2: Self-Healing Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) Networks



- Isolate compromised devices
- “Self-heal” the network by quickly re-establishing routes
 - To restore power system observability
 - Using an integer linear program model

Self-Healing Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) Networks

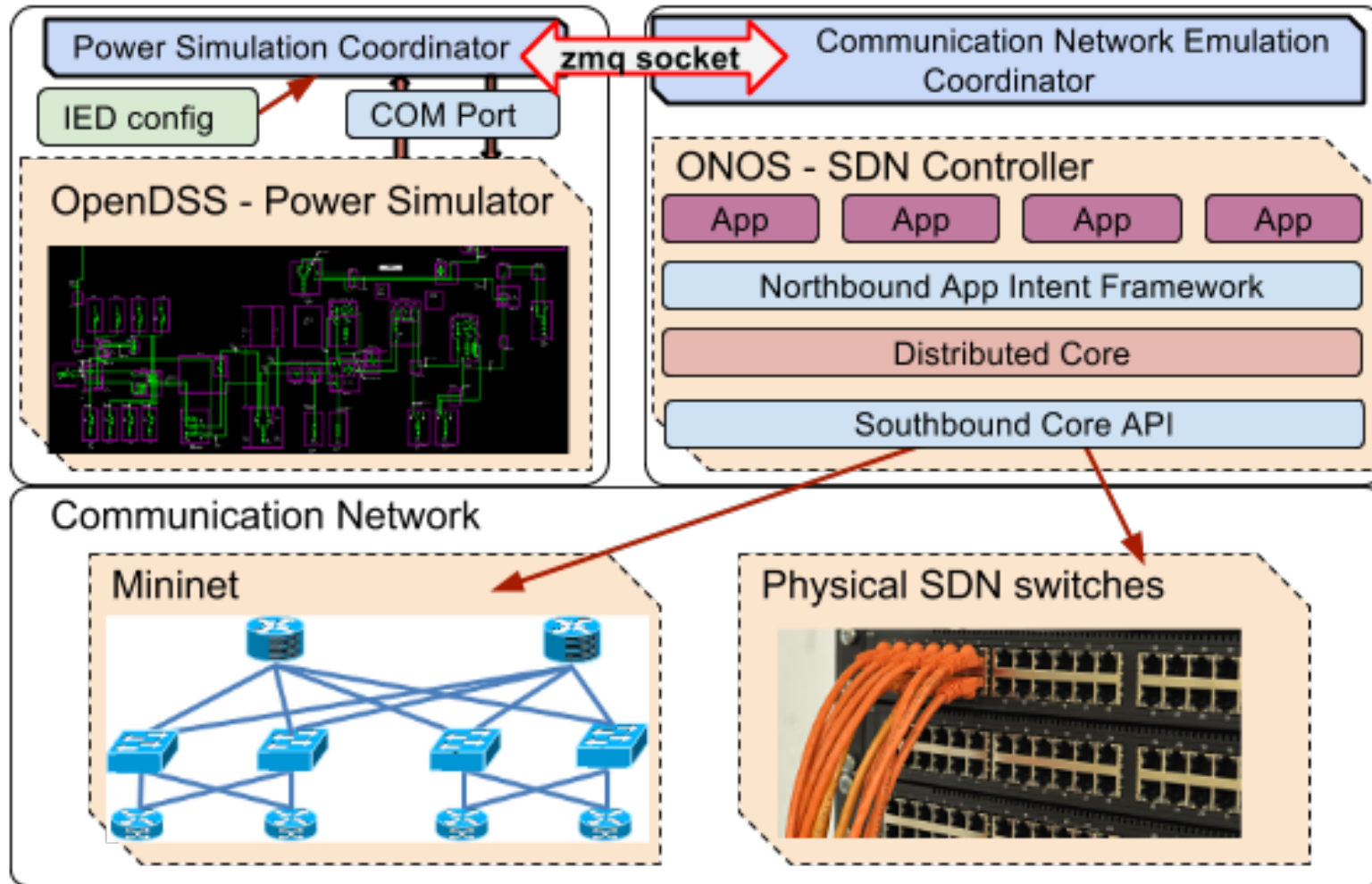


Video Demo

✘ Compromised
 ? Disconnected
 ← - - Reconnection

Self-healing Scheme on PMU Network for IEEE 30-bus System

A Hybrid Testing Platform



Power Distribution System Simulation + SDN-based Network Emulation

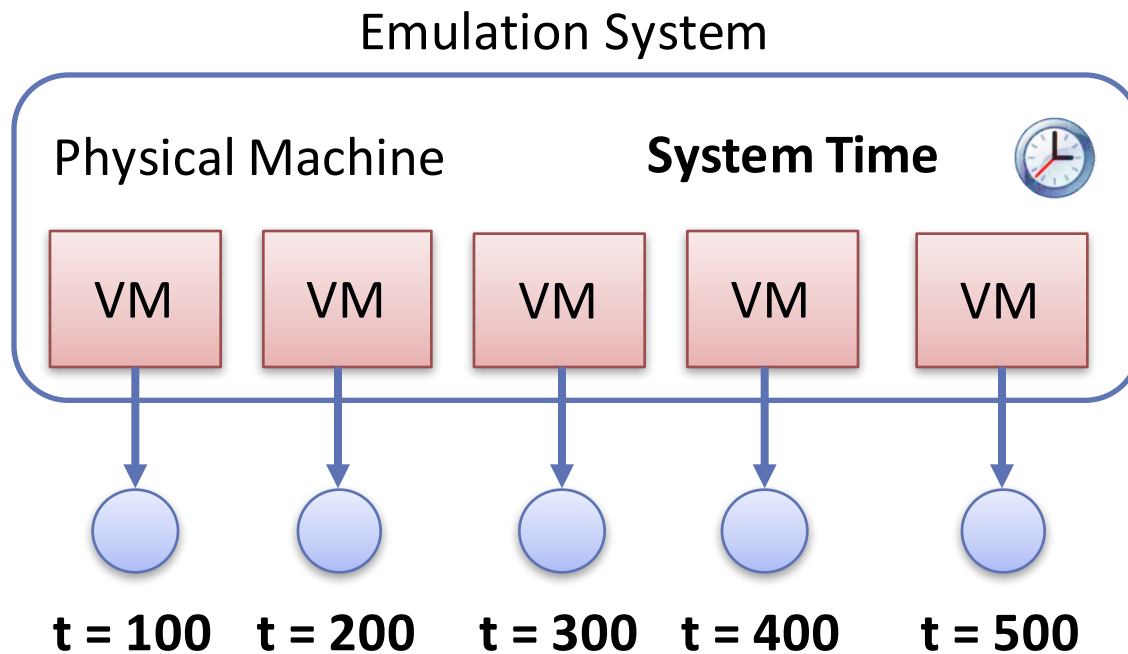
A Hybrid Testing Platform

- Challenges
 - Temporal fidelity in network emulation
 - Synchronization between two sub-systems
 - Emulation – executing “native” software to produce behavior in wall-clock time
 - Simulation – executing model software to produce behavior in virtual time

Integration Emulation & Simulation

Issue: **Temporal Fidelity** in emulation

ordinary emulators embedded in real-time, but simulators speak in virtual time



VM - Virtual Machine

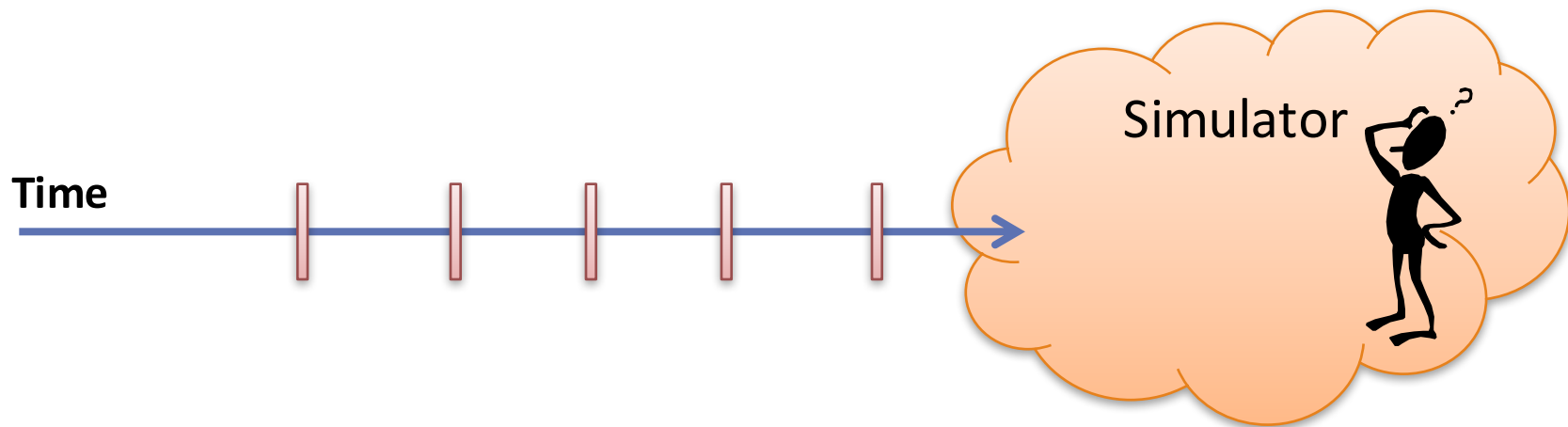
Time Slice – System Execution Unit
e.g., Time Slice = 100 μ s

Integration Emulation & Simulation

Suppose the medium is shared access...

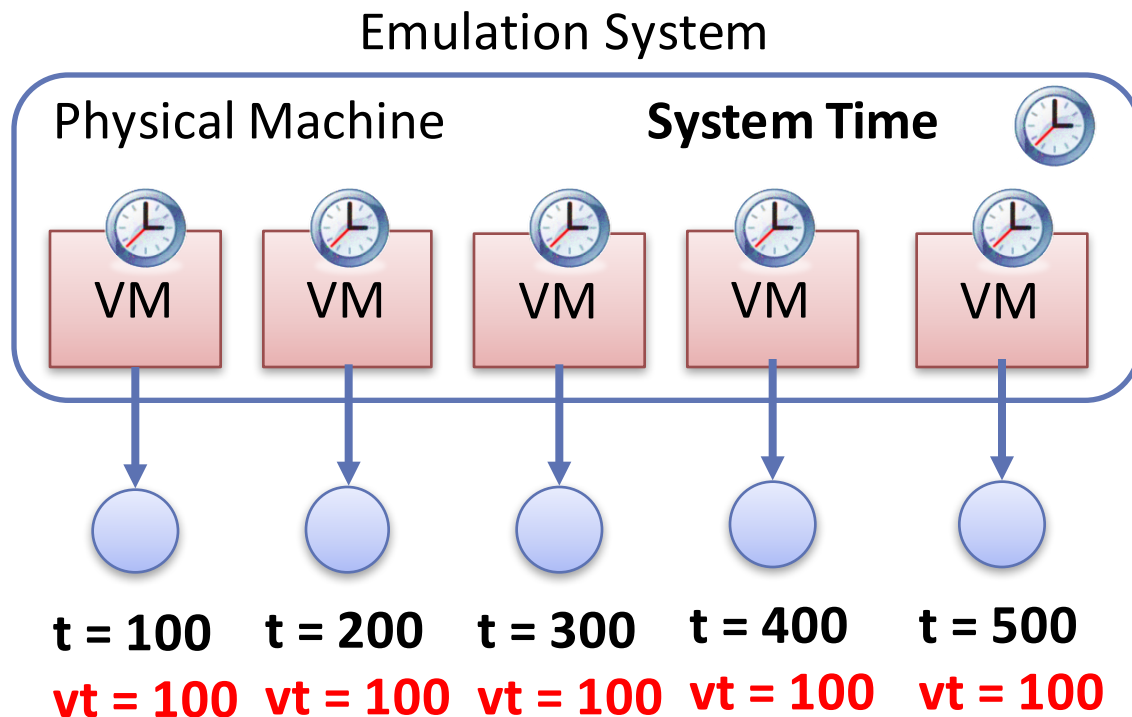
Suppose the packets all join the same queue....

Wrong behaviors due to the emulator's serialization of the time



Our approach: Virtual Time in Emulation

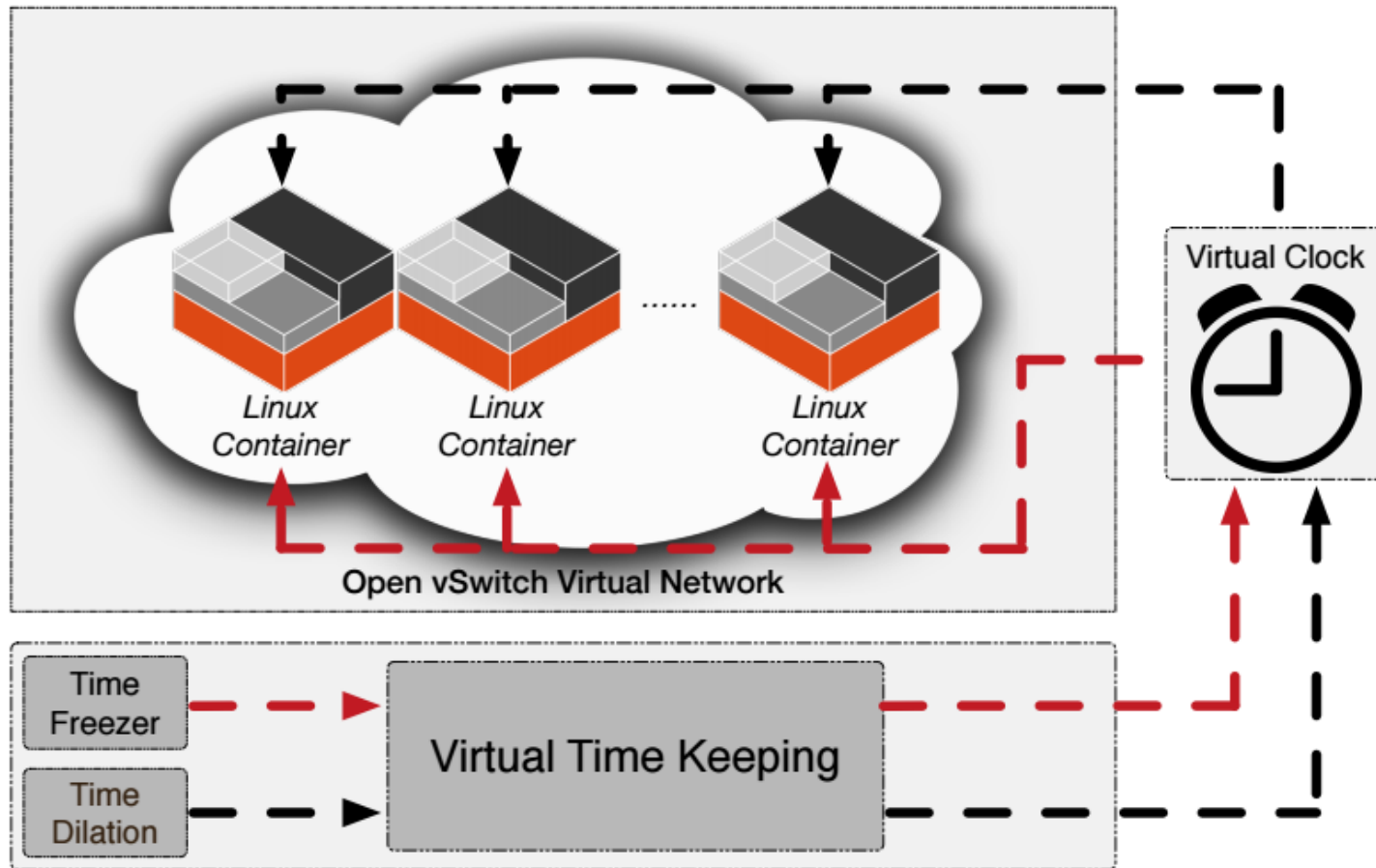
When the emulator is embedded in **virtual time**, time stamps on messages are closer to reality



VM - Virtual Machine

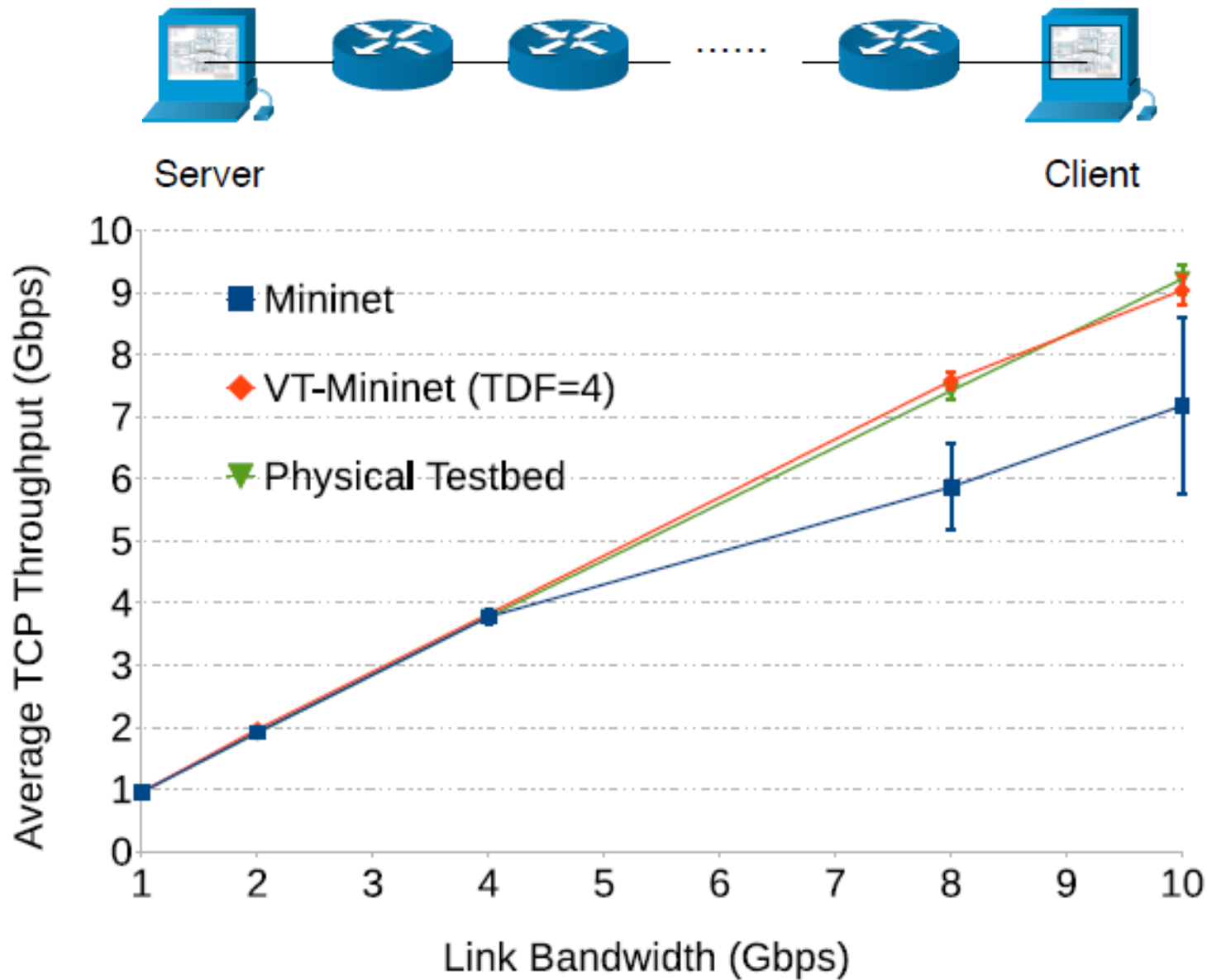
Time Slice – System Execution Unit
e.g., Time Slice = 100 μ s

Virtual Time System Architecture for a Container-based Network Emulator



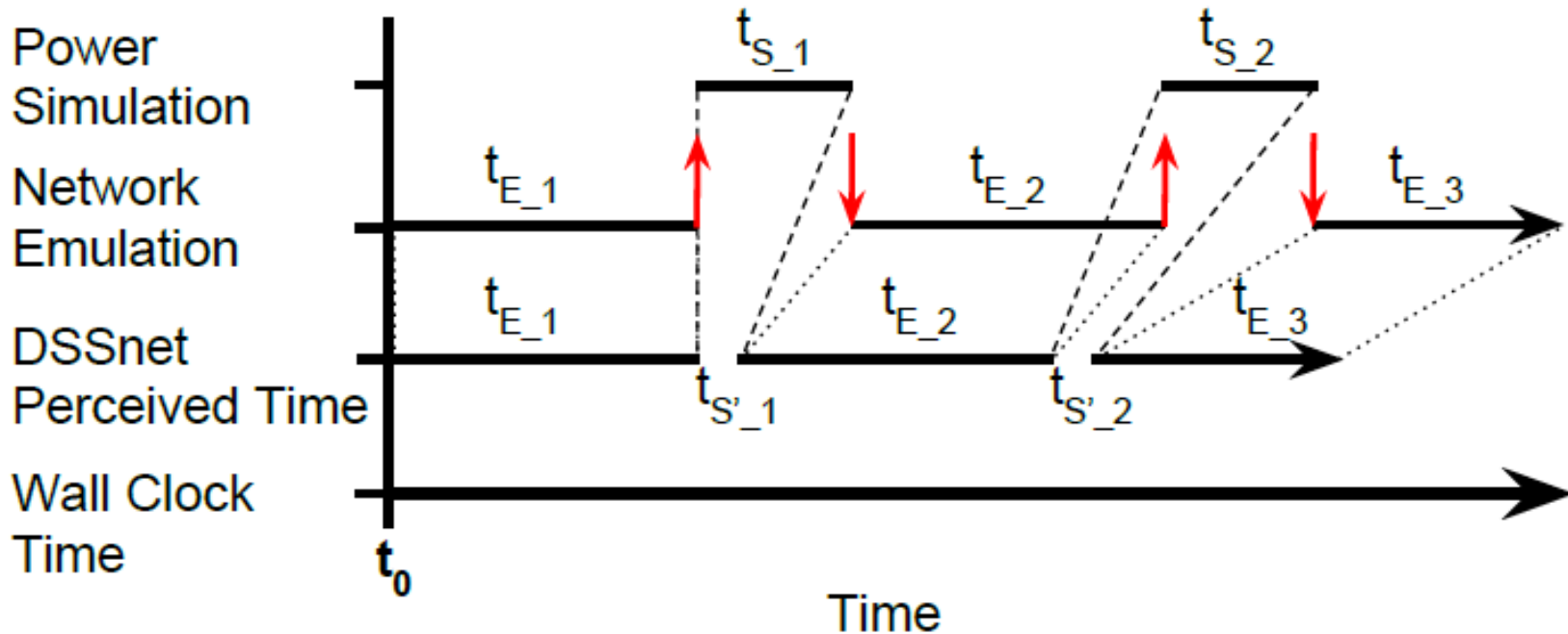
Source code: <https://github.com/littlepretty/VirtualTimeForMininet>

Virtual Time to Emulation Fidelity Enhancement

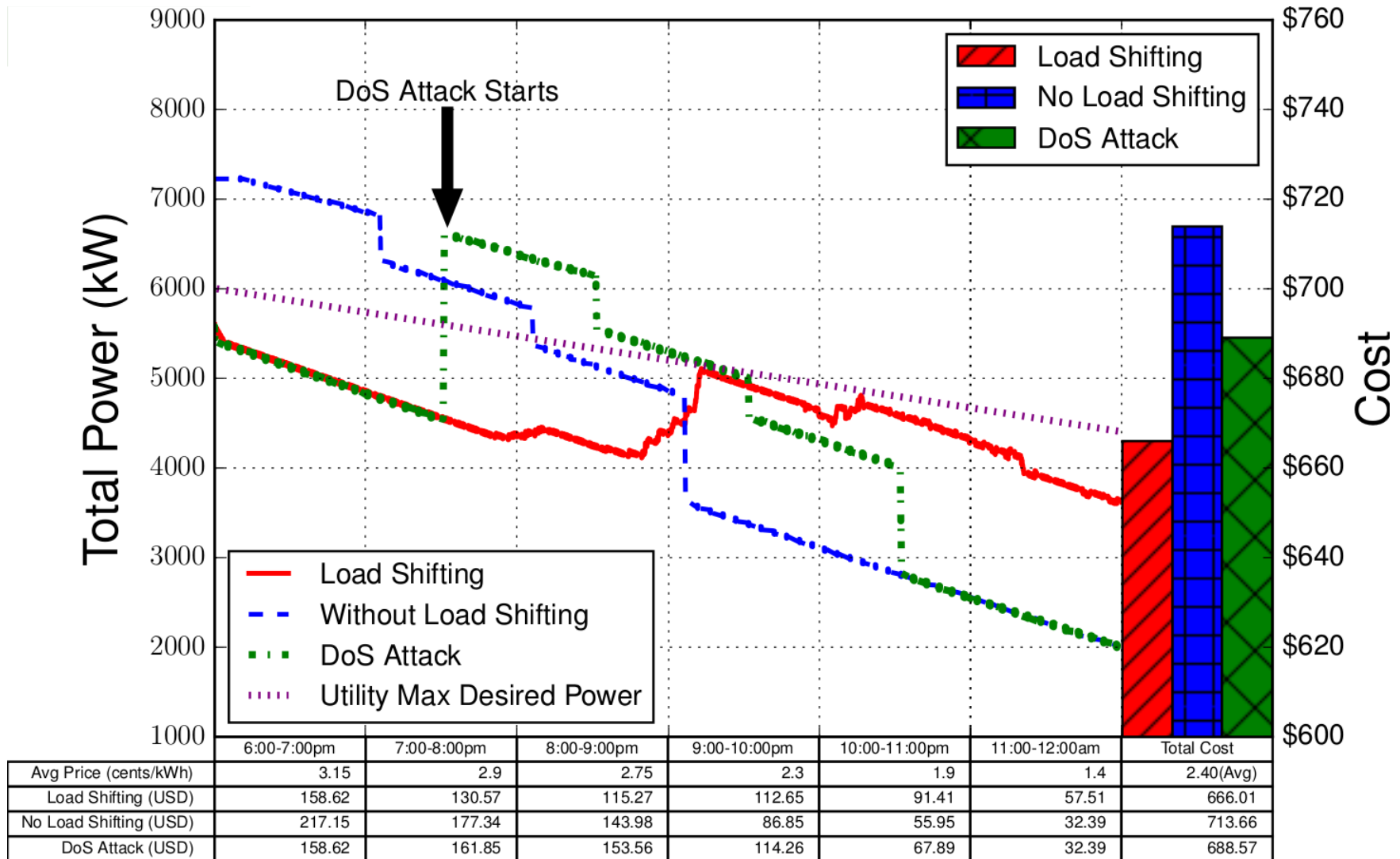


Virtual Time for Simulation/Emulation Synchronization

t_{E_i} emulation time (wall clock time) Synchronization Event ↓ ↑
 t_{S_i} execution time of simulation (wall clock time)
 $t_{S'_i}$ time simulator returns after synchronization event



DSSNet Use Case



Future Work

- More SDN-aware applications to enable a cyber-resilient and secure energy Infrastructure
 - e.g., Specification-based Intrusion Detection
- Network layer → Application layer → Cross-layer verification
- In-house research idea → Real system deployment
 - IIT Microgrid
 - First Cluster of Microgrids in US (12MW IIT + 10MW Bronzeville)

