

Quantifying the Security Effectiveness of Network Diversity

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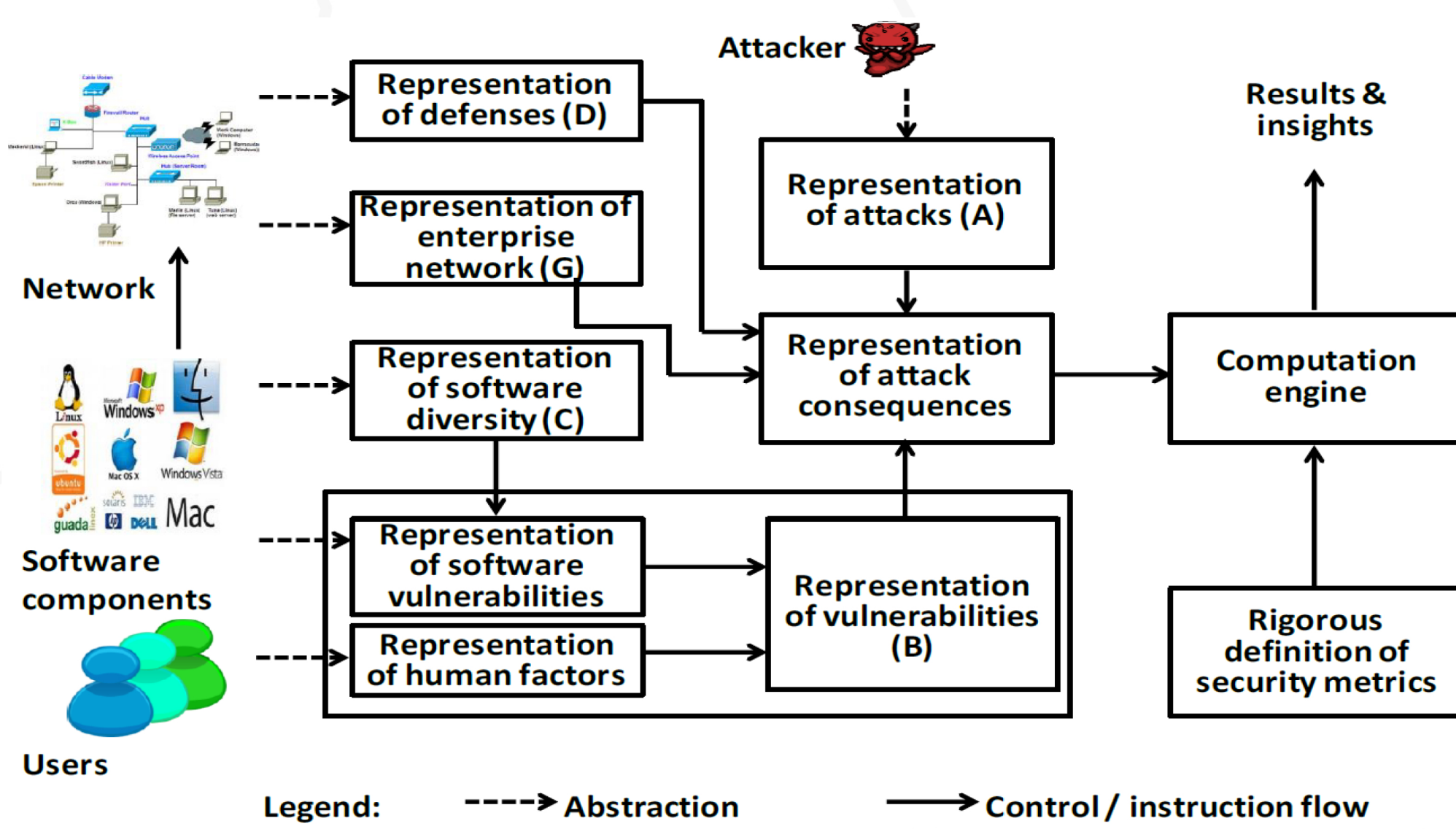
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Introduction

- The risk of employing monoculture software prompts the need of *artificial diversity* via N-version programming, which uses multiple, independent versions of software that provides a same functionality. Market competition also leads to the so-called *natural diversity* that multiple software programs offer a same functionality.
- Artificial diversity and natural diversity manifest the broader notion of network diversity. While intuitive, security effectiveness of enforcing network diversity has yet to be characterized quantitatively.
- In this work, we propose the first systematic, fine-grained framework for modeling the diversification of software stacks in networks and quantifying the security effectiveness of network diversity via a suite of security metrics.

Framework



- The research is to characterize a family of mathematical functions f_i such that

$$m_i = f_i(G, A, B, C, D)$$

m_i : security metric

G : an enterprise network in a certain representation

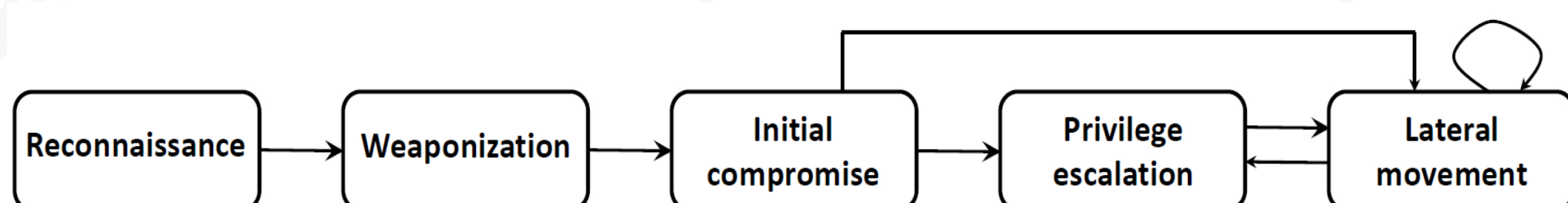
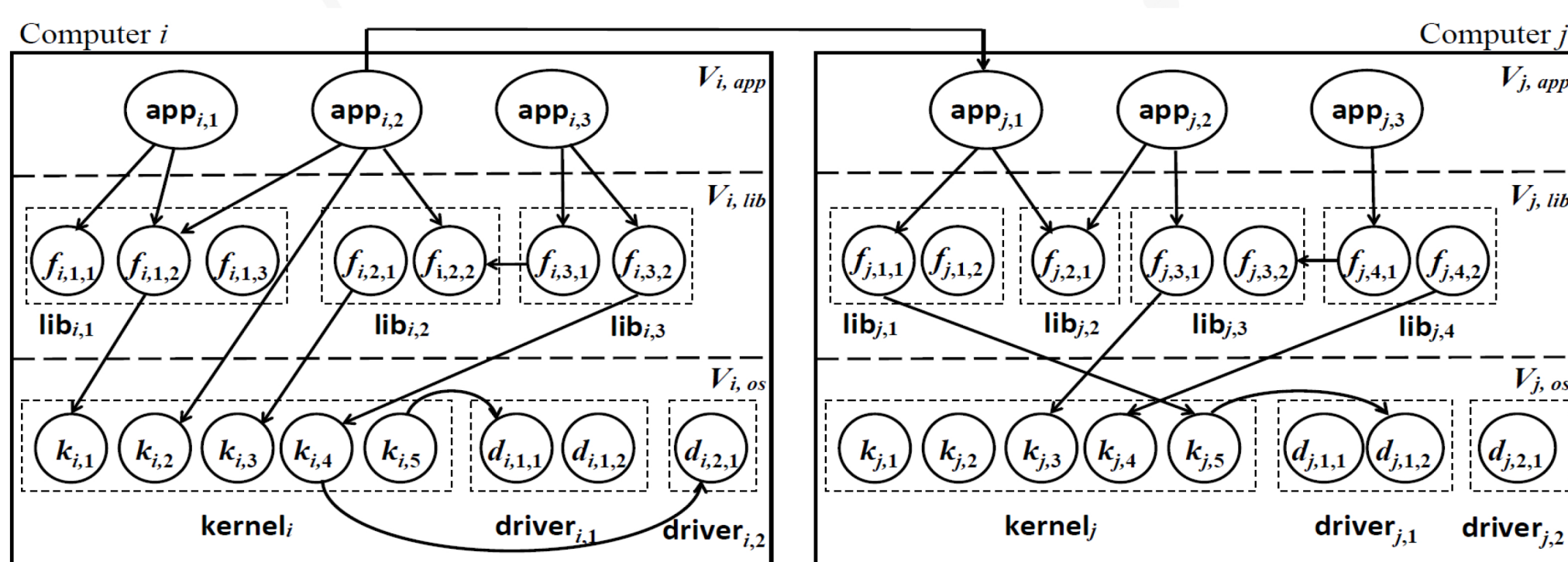
A : attacker profile (including attack strategy)

B : vulnerabilities of network software and human factors

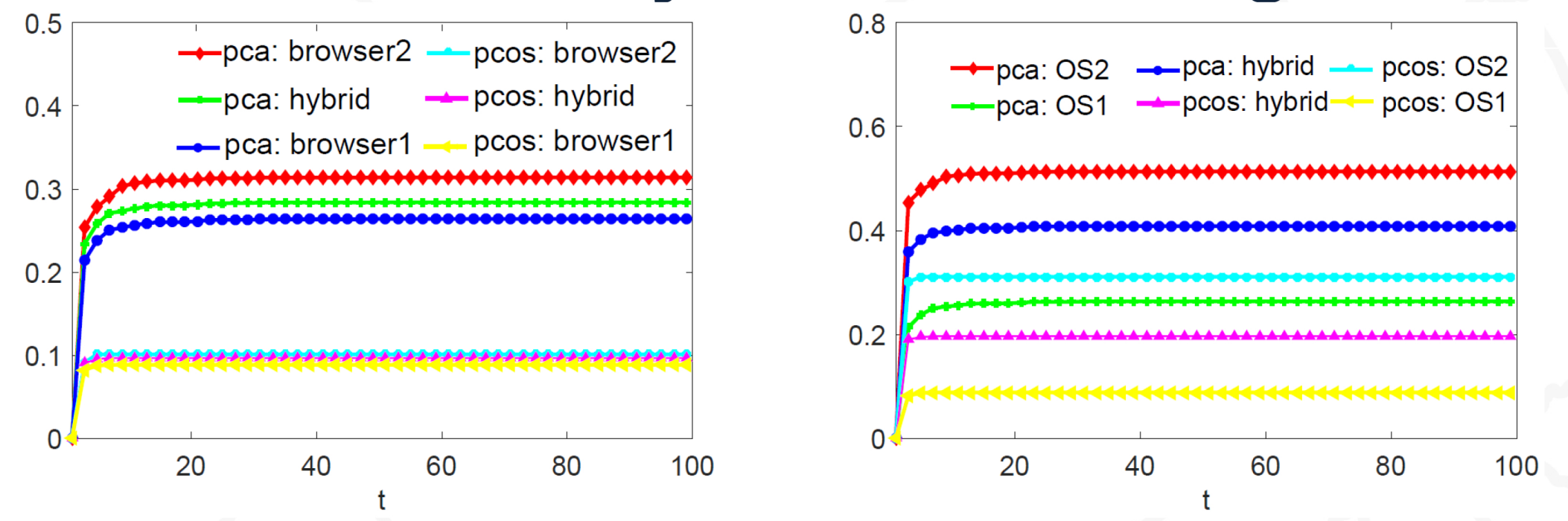
C : software stack configuration

D : defense employed to protect the network

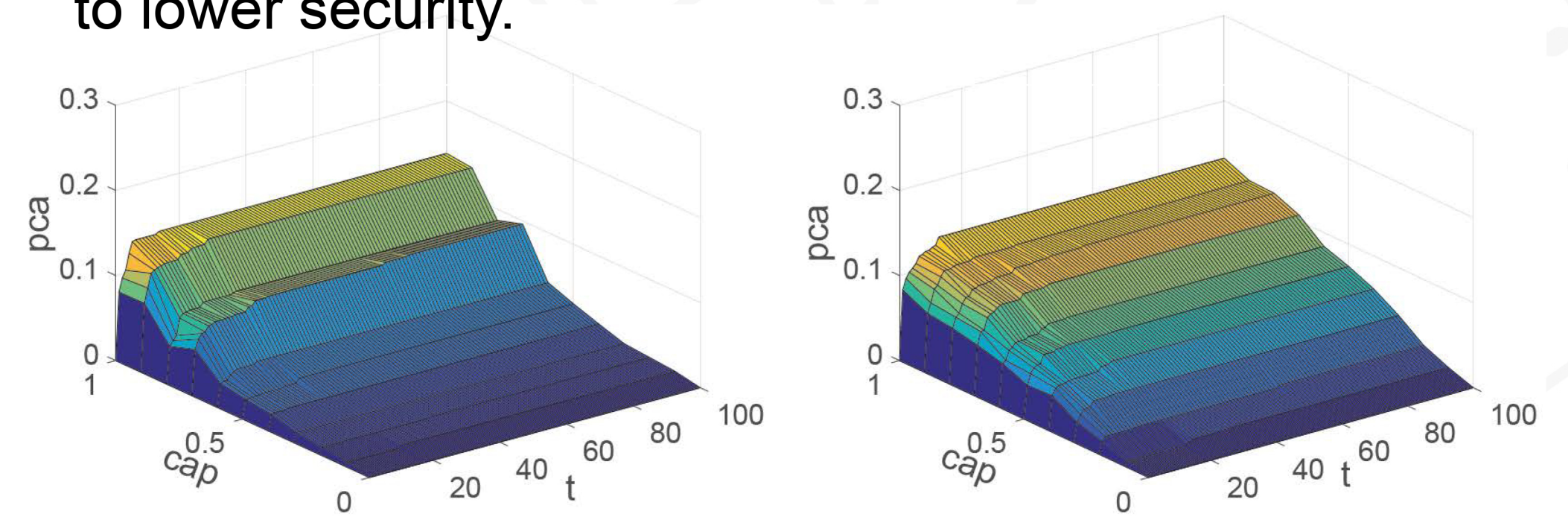
Illustration of G and Attack Strategy



Preliminary Results & Insights

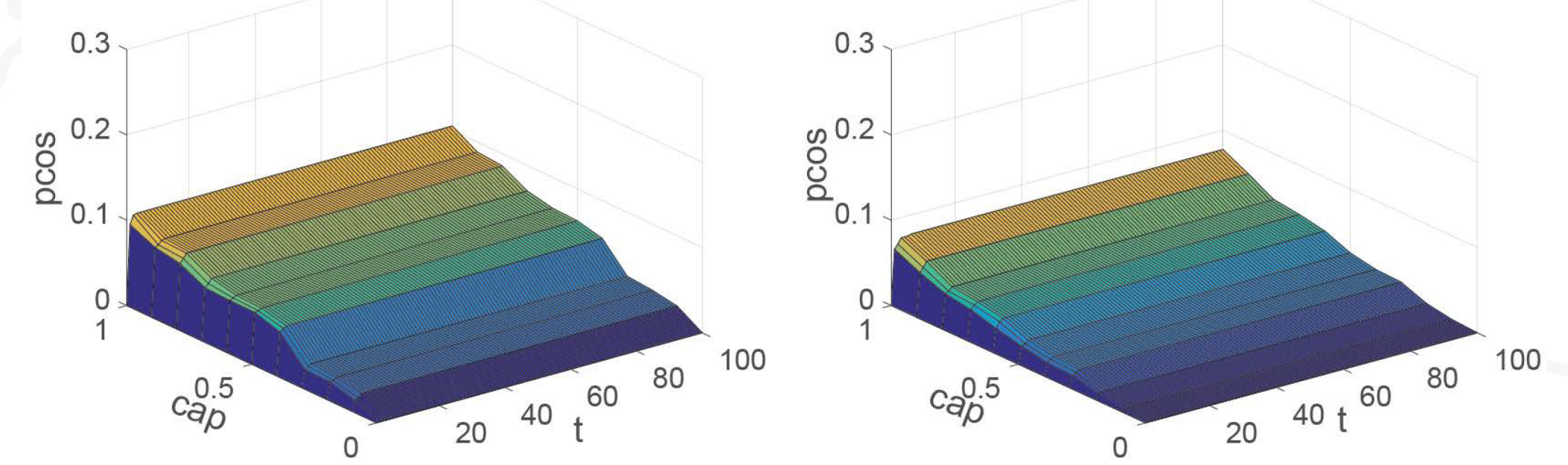


- Insight 1.** Natural diversity can lead to higher security when the diversified software implementations have a higher security quality (than monoculture implementations); otherwise, natural diversity can lead to lower security.



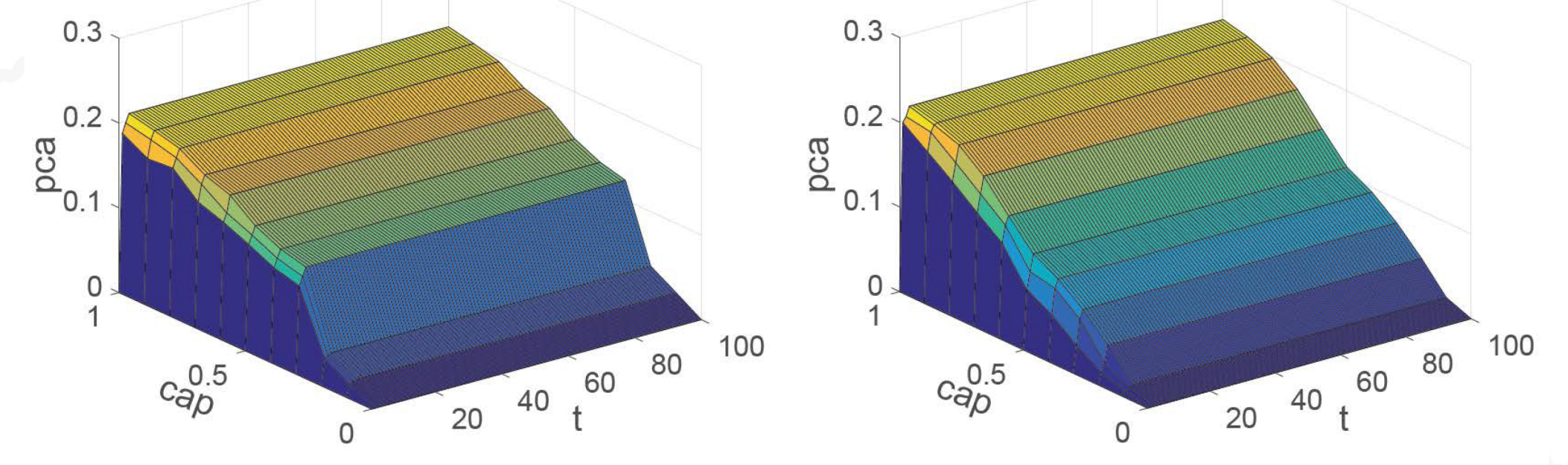
(a) $C_0, \zeta = 0.1$

(b) $C_1, \zeta = 0.1$



(c) $C_0, \zeta = 0.1$

(d) $C_1, \zeta = 0.1$

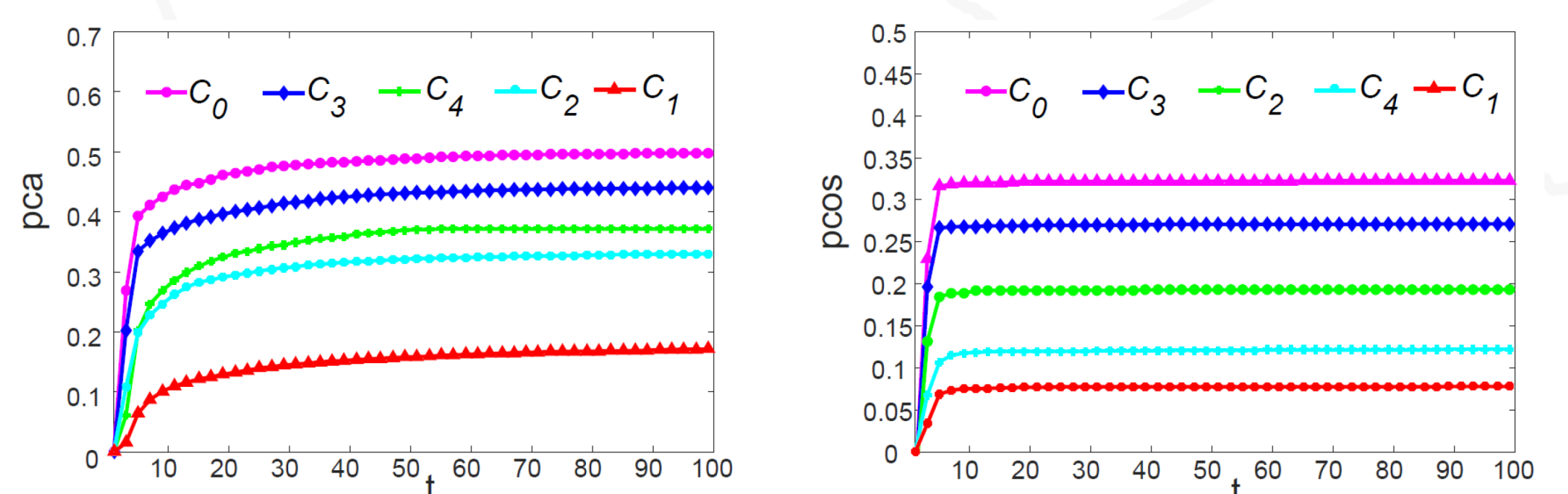


(e) $C_0, \zeta = 0.2$

(f) $C_1, \zeta = 0.2$

- Insight 2.** Artificial diversity lead to gradually (rather than abruptly) increasing damages with respect to increasing attacker capabilities.

- Insight 3.** Security effectiveness of network diversity largely depends on the security quality of the diversified implementations, meaning that diversity can increase, make no difference, or decrease security.



- Insight 4.** Enforcing diversity at multiple layers leads to higher security than enforcing diversity at a single layer.

Full version of the paper will be available soon.

