Secure Agents

Patrick Lincoln and Carolyn Talcott
SRI International

HCSS 1-3 April 2003

The Team

Pat Lincoln
Drew Dean
Jon Millen
Vitaly Shmatikov
Carolyn Talcott

Project overview in a nutshell

- past/present/future access control
- tracking mobile agents
- privacy models
- semantic framework

Challenges for secure agents

- mobility of computation, agents, and devices
- agent autonomy
- heterogeneous communication media
 - wired and wireless connections
 - dynamic (possibly virtural) network topology
- o heterogeneous goals
 - multipolar security domains
 - stakeholders with diverse goals and concerns
 - federations, collaboration, information sharing

Framework Objectives

- Specify and analyze
 - secure agent architectures
 - secure agent systems
- Represent and reason about
 - information transformation and flow
 - stealth, privacy, anonymity
 - security goals, policies, enforcement mechanisms
 - relationships across domains

Secure agent system model

Elements

- Nodes (hosts) --- possibly mobile
- Communication media (networks)
- Agents --- possibly mobile
- Messages

Nodes

- Exist in a communication environment
- Encapsulate and manage a set of resources
 - runtime, communication, directories, data storage ...
- Provide services to access the resources
 - execution environment
 - communication
 - brokers
- Service availability/quality may depend on location or state of communication environment

Agents

- Execute on nodes within an execution environment
- Move through the communication media
- Generate and transmit information
- Are subject to access control---what, how much/often
- Modeled by traces of service calls (event system)

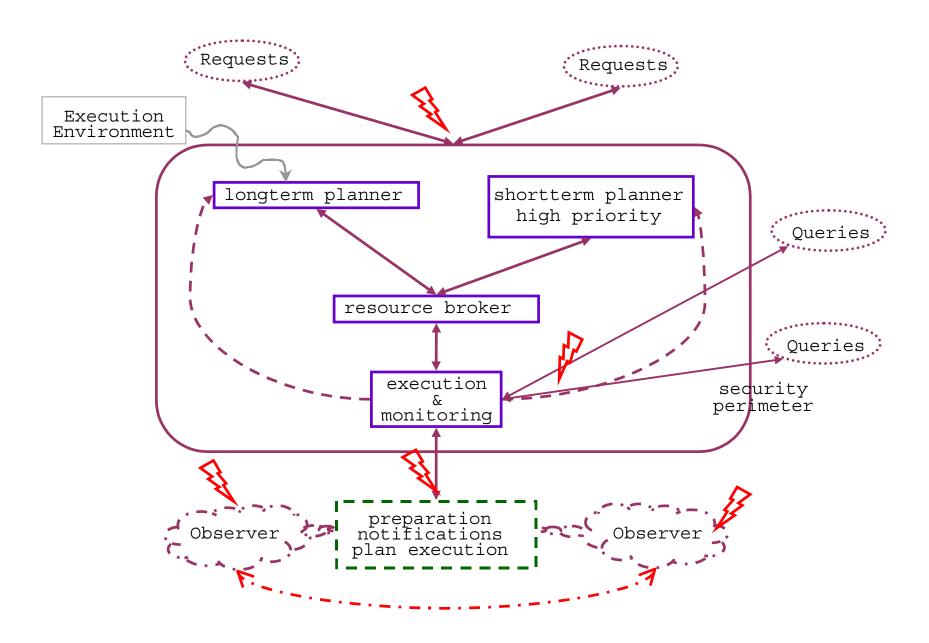
Reasoning

- Executable models (Maude)
 - agent behaviors
 - hostile environments
 - mechanisms for control, detection, and protection
- Multi-view specification
 - end-to-end ---principals, goals, messages -- event trace sets
 - system-wide---resources, access, network -- state transition
 - local behavior---agents, node-level services
 - rewrite rules, service call traces

Justify Coherency

- mapping between views
- conditions for S to imply S'

Plan/Execute/Monitor Example (MAC)



Plan+Execute+Monitor Architecture

Security Issues I

- Validity of monitoring data
- What damage could bad data cause
 - aborted/revoked plans, physical damage
- Are negotiated permissions (access to external resources) trustworthy?
- What happens if a schedule is based on false assumptions regarding such permissions?
- Who should be allowed to make what queries?

Security Issues II

- What can external observers learn?
 - combining information about permissions given by different resource controllers
 - from permissions denied
 - observing activities -- from multiple points
- To what extent are planning and resource allocation strategies known to external agents?
- Can adversary manipulate overall resource assignments to prevent a task from being carried out?

Security Issues III

- Sometimes it is essential to share information
 - the FAA has to be told flight plans
 - permission must be negotiated to fly through foreign airspace
- How much and when?
- How can the resource broker/scheduler select distribution of external resources and usage dependancy to support delayed release of time sensitive information?
- How can such properties be specified and checked?

Infosphere (JBI) Example

The right information to the right person at the right time

Information management

Repositories of

- o information objects
- o metadata schema
- information policies
- o information transformers

Interaction model

- o publish
- subscribe/notify
- o query/retrieve

Information sources (publishers)

- Remote sensors or observers
- Weather stations
- External data repositories
 - inventories
 - intelligence
- Data analysis systems
- Approved users
- o Fuselets
 - transform published information objects
 - monitor and publish alerts,
 - assemble and publish reports

Infosphere Security Challenges

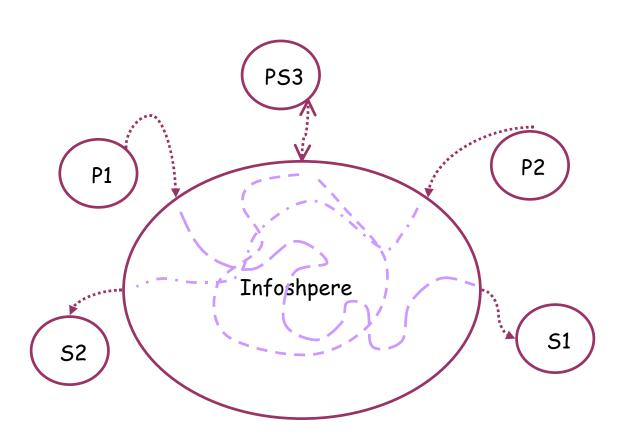
- Sensitive Information
 - capabilities, plans, intelligence
- Sharing
 - collaboration
 - coalitions
- Information validation
 - source
 - processing

Infosphere Specification Views

Infosphere end-2-end view

- External Agents -- authenticated clients
- Infosphere is black box / murky pool
- Semantic model -- sets of interaction traces
 - publish, subscribe, query, notify, and retrieve events.

Infosphere end-2-end view



Infosphere end-2-end requirements

- Classify events according to information object
- Specify information flow requirements using closure conditions on trace sets (ala Mantel)
- Example: information must not flow from domain <u>d</u> to domain <u>d'</u> means that if we omit <u>d</u> events, then the resulting trace is also a possible behavior.

Infosphere system view

- System state -- data repositories:
 - security policy rules---access control, trust management, ...
 - information objects repository
 - metadata schemas
 - subscriptions

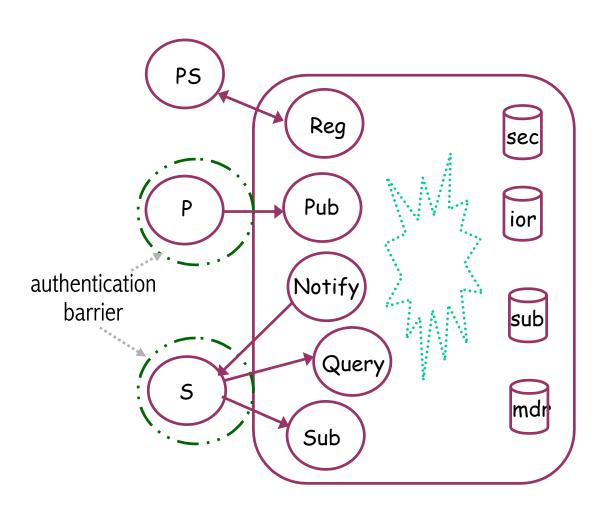
Services

- interaction -- publish, subscribe, query
- notification service -- interaction helper
- registration service (agent admission control)

Authentication barrier

remote execution environment

Infosphere system view



Infosphere system requirements

Require:

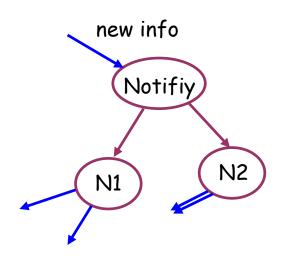
- o security policy rules ensure end-to-end requirements
- o admitted client service requests obey security policy

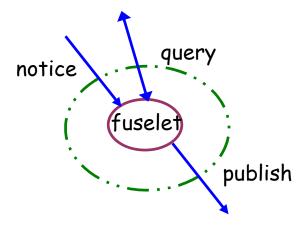
0 ...

Show:

 satisfaction of system requirements implies that end-to-end information flow requirements are met.

Infosphere behavior fragments





Infosphere: a notification behavior

Rules

- classify subscriptions
 - group subscriptions
 - high sensitivity subscriptions

-

delegate notification to class specific helpers

Requirements:

- group join for a particular group subscription constrained to enforce the security policy.
- additional authentication and information protection for sensitive information subcriptions

Infosphere: fuselet behavior

- Specify
 - Subscription
 - Rules for information transformation
 - may involve additional queries
 - Information flow properties
- o Show rules imply specified flow properties
- Execution environment controls
 - queries and publications
 - access to runtime resources

Show combined behaviors meet system requirements!!

under suitable conditions

Whither Next

- Devil is in the details
 - what are the right security domains
 - what information flow policies are appropriate
 - composing properties and/or domains
 - effects of transformation
- What is information?
- Modeling temporal aspects
 - value of information depends on time / past future events
- o Disinformation? Stealth?