

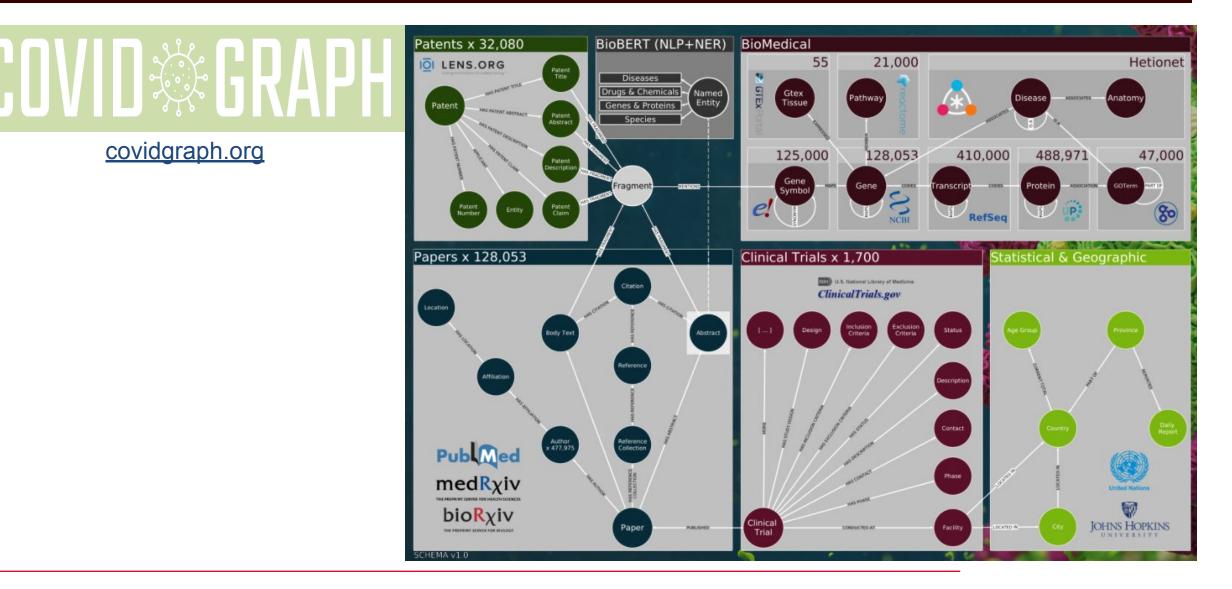
Tackling Cybersecurity Using Graph Mining

Khanh Nguyen Assistant Professor Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Big Graphs are Ubiquitous

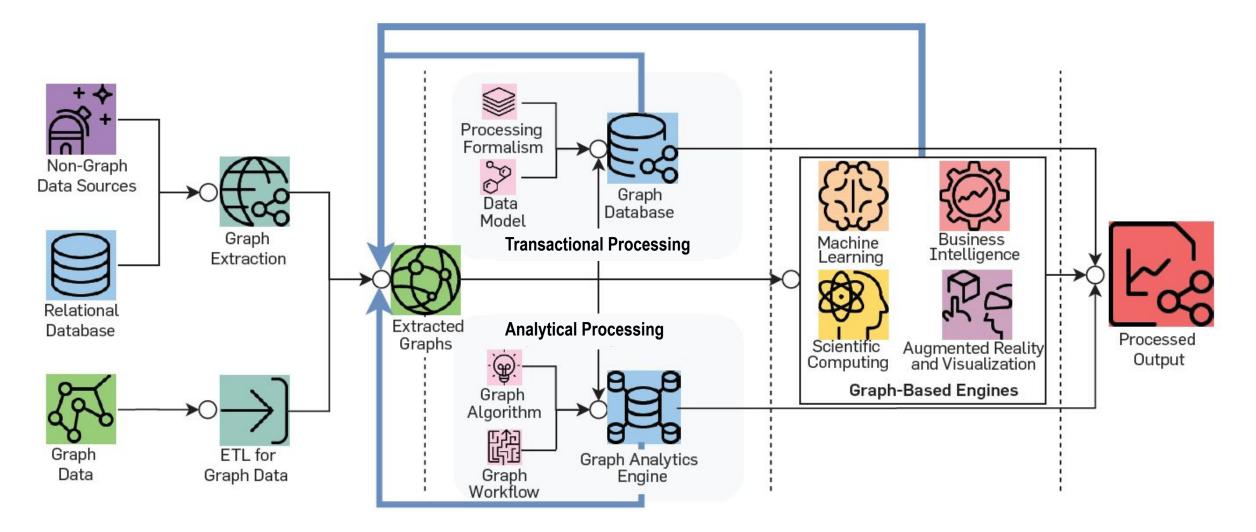


Engineering



The Future Is Big Graphs

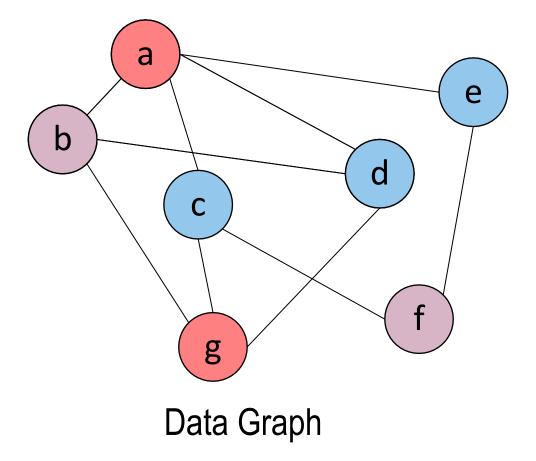




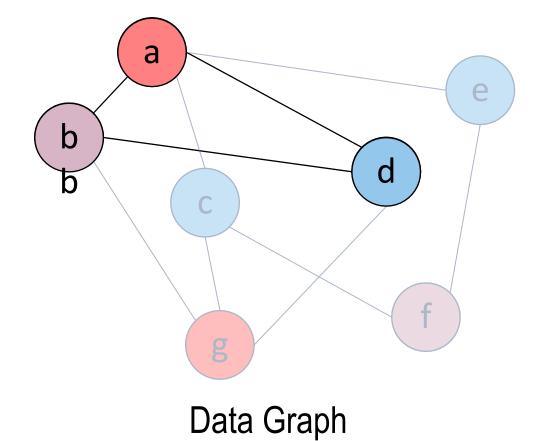


THEME: GRAPH MINING & CYBERSECURITY

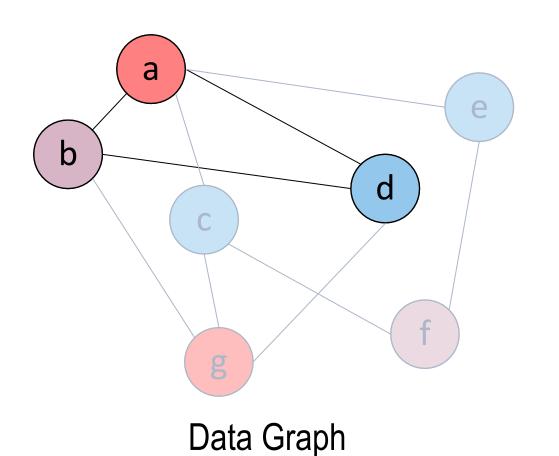


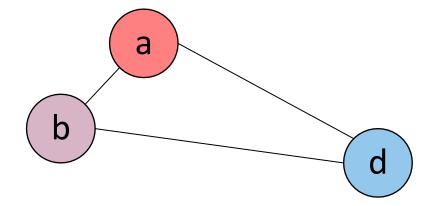








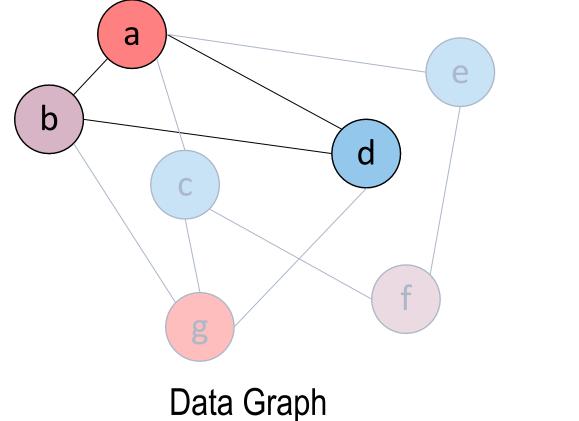


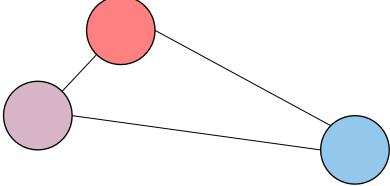






TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY Engineering

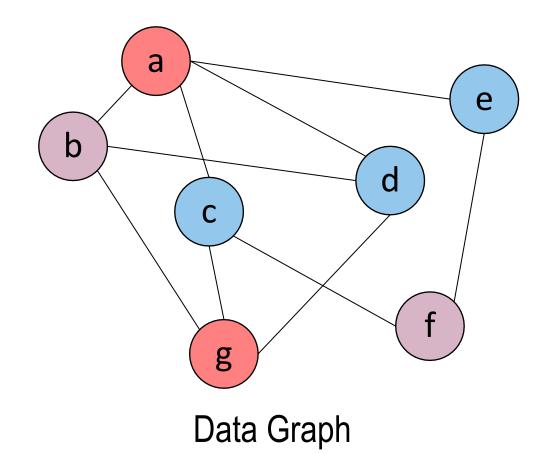


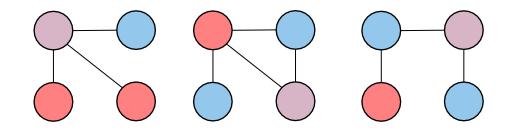


Pattern

FSM: Frequent Subgraph Mining







Frequent Patterns

Research Question #1



texas a&m university Engineering



Benign network

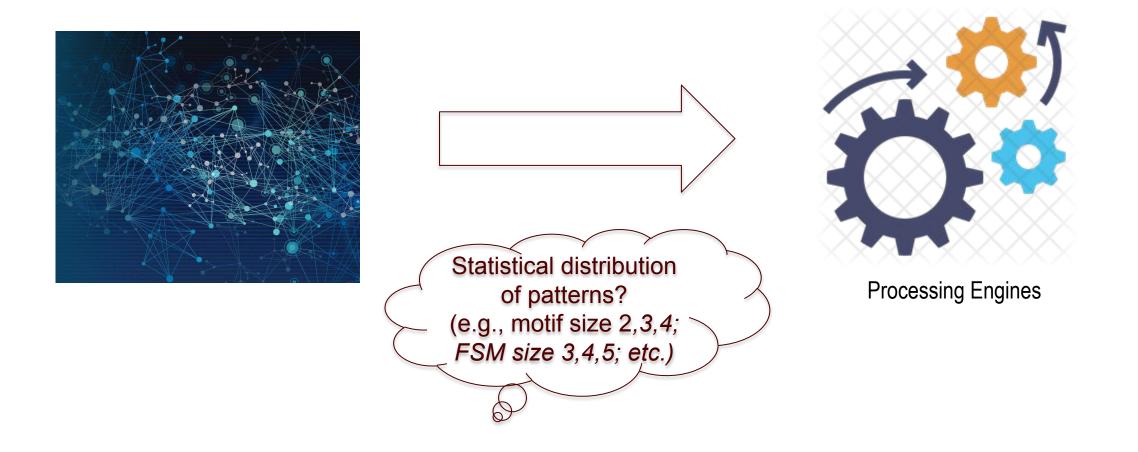


Under-attack network



Research Question #2

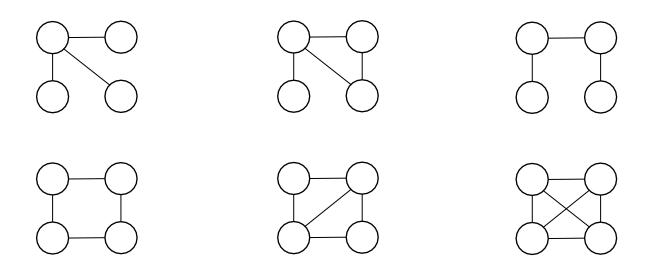




Scalability Challenge



• 4-motif counting on Orkut graph (|V| = 13M, |E| = 117M)



123,503,340,341,270 subgraphs



- ✓ executes 700x faster
- consumes 100x less memory
- ✓ scales to 100x larger datasets

Unfortunately:

 does not support (multiple) edge labels
performance suffers with multiple vertex labels: 10x memory overhead and 30x time overhead

Conclusion



- Using a state-of-the-art graph mining system to investigate the role of graph patterns in cybersecurity:
 - Online detection
 - Analysis
- Work in progress

khanhtn@tamu.edu