Towards evolving specs of security protocols

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(based on joint work with A. Datta, J. Mitchell, D. Smith...)

March 7, 2002



Security Engineering
is a part of
Software Engineering



it is helpful to analyze:

- protocols in context of architectures
- security as a part of of high assurance
- malicious attackers on connectors together with unspecified environments of components

both SE and SE are concerned with

- distributed,
- multi-layered,
- heterogenous complex systems...

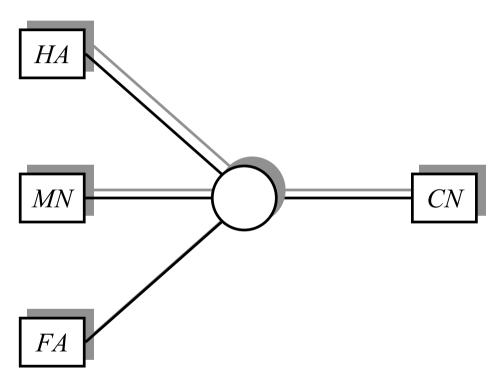


- Mobile proposals:
 - IPv4 vs IPv6
- Problem:
 - remote redirection (traffic hijacking)
- Adding authentication:
 - espec transformation
- Variations and ongoing work

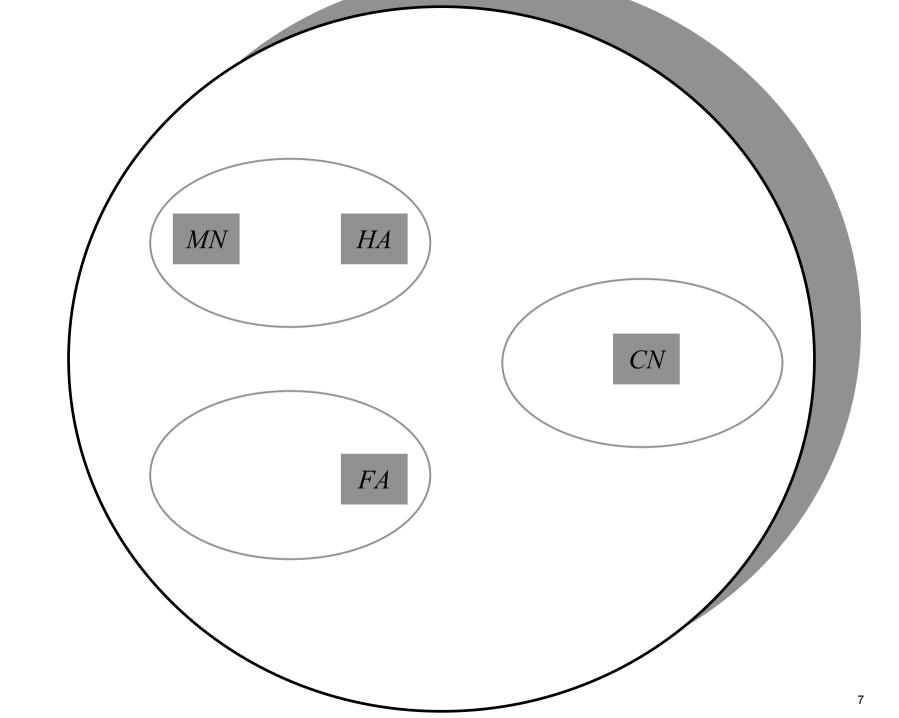


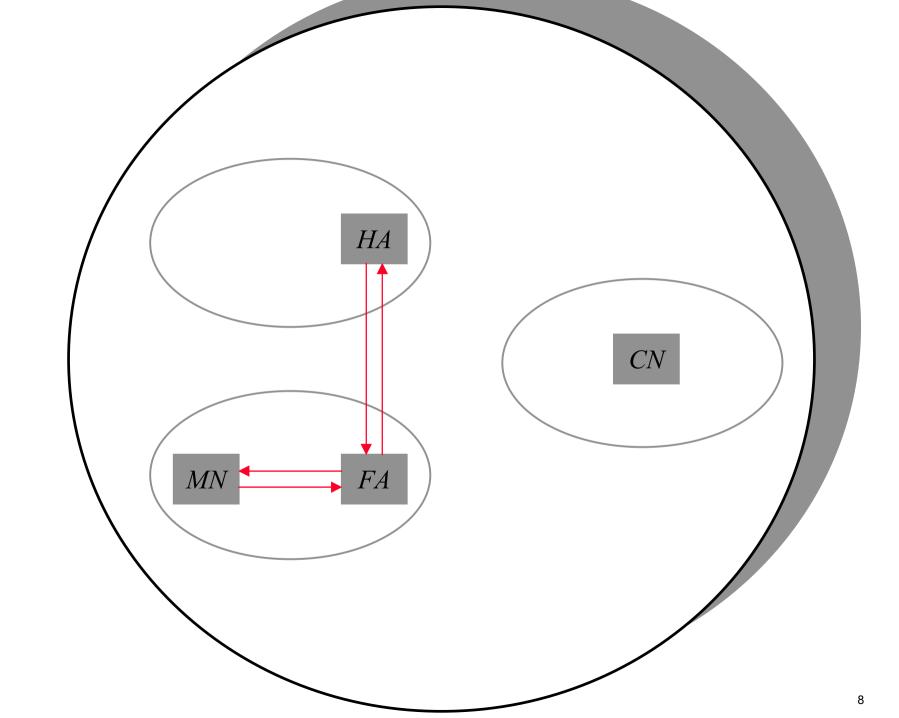
- Authentication for Mobile IPv6
 - with A. Datta, J. Mitchell and F. Muller
- Composition and refinement of behavioral specifications
 - with D. Smith
- Guarded transitions in evolving specifications
 - with D. Smith

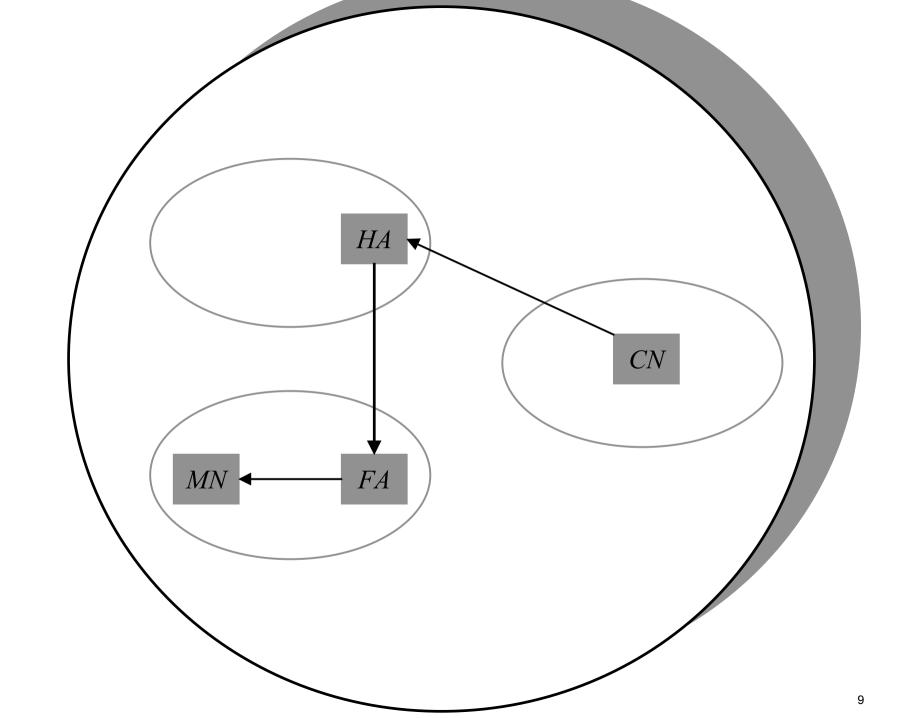
http://www.kestrel.edu/users/pavlovic/

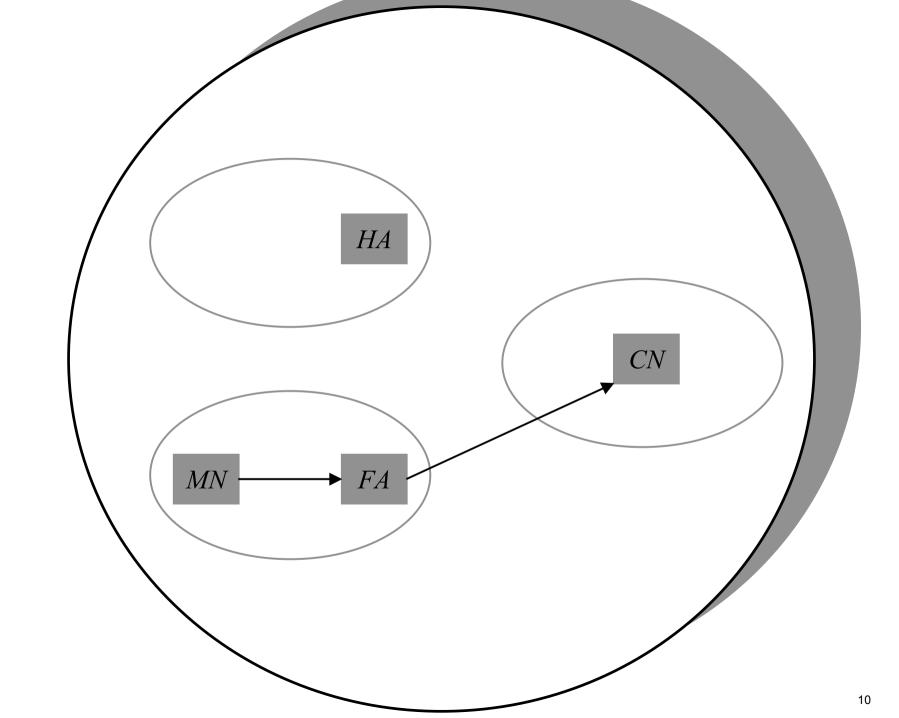


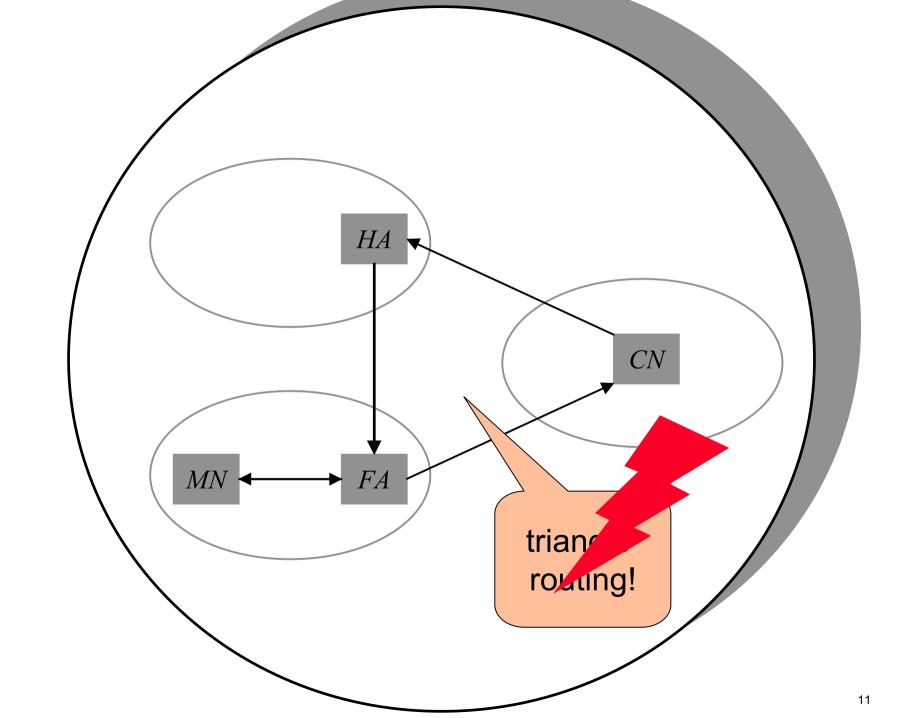
initial architecture

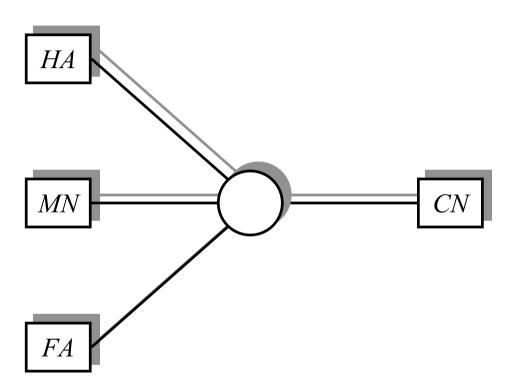












session architecture

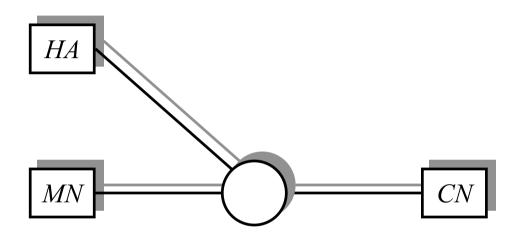
- avoid triangle routing:
 - use IPv6 Routing Header and tunneling
- minimize
 - network partitioning
 - computational load on:
 - » routers
 - » nodes: no expensive encryptions or decryptions
 - number of messages
 - need for infrastructure: no global PKI
- maximize
 - performance and availability: no DoS
 - end-to-end security: authenticate location information

home address

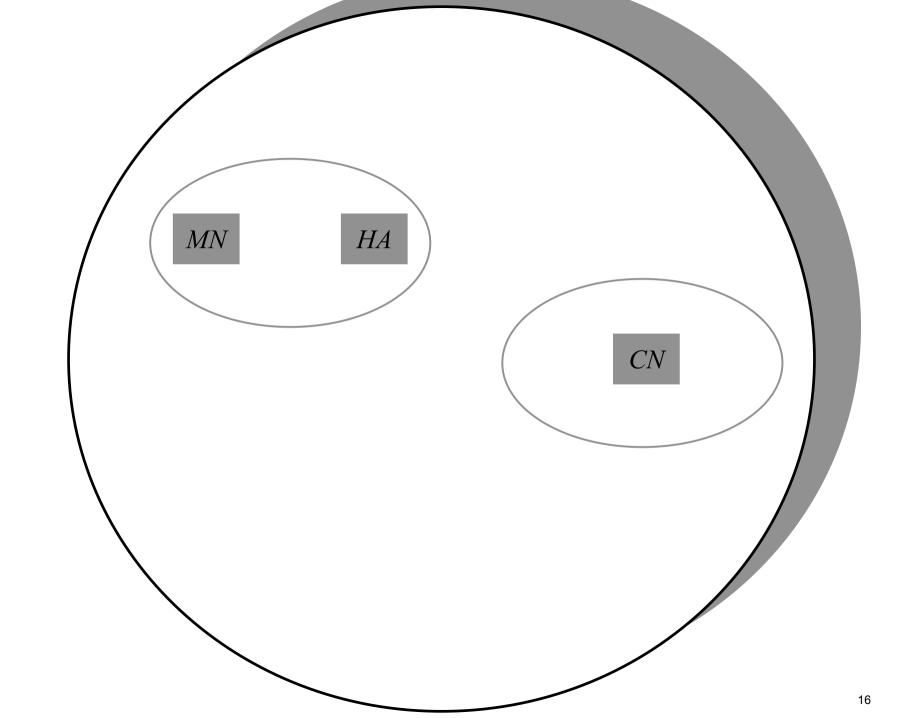
- the node is always addressed by the same IP number
- care-of addresses (one or more)
 - bind dynamically to different subnet IP numbers
 - » all packets containing the binding information must be authenticated
 - » authentication relies upon previously established security associations

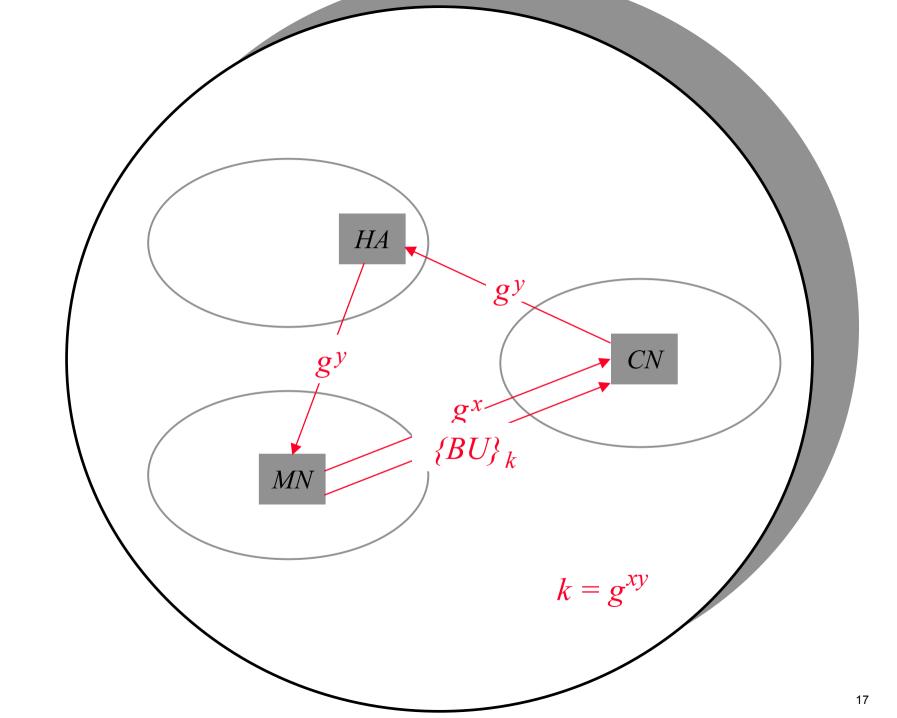
Binding Update/Acknowledgement

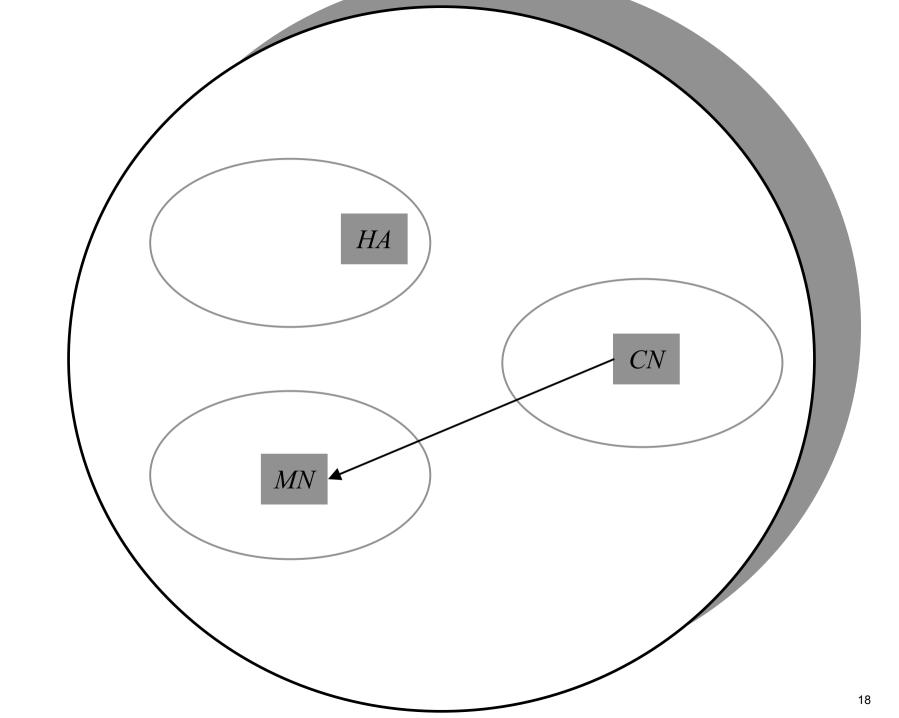
- realized through Destination Options Headers
- Binding Cache integrated with Destination Cache

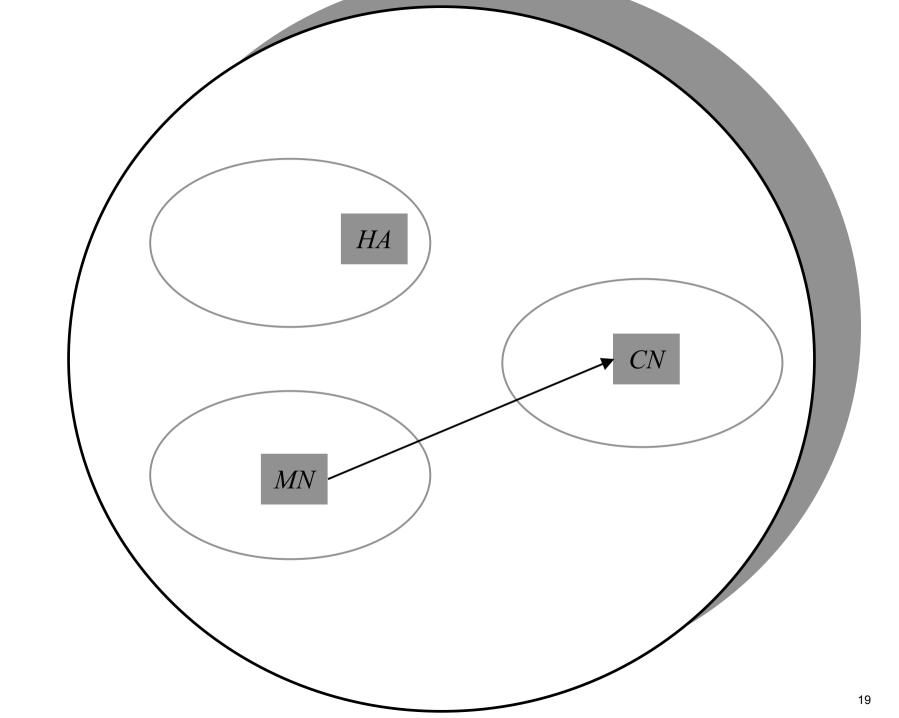


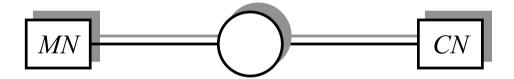
initial architecture



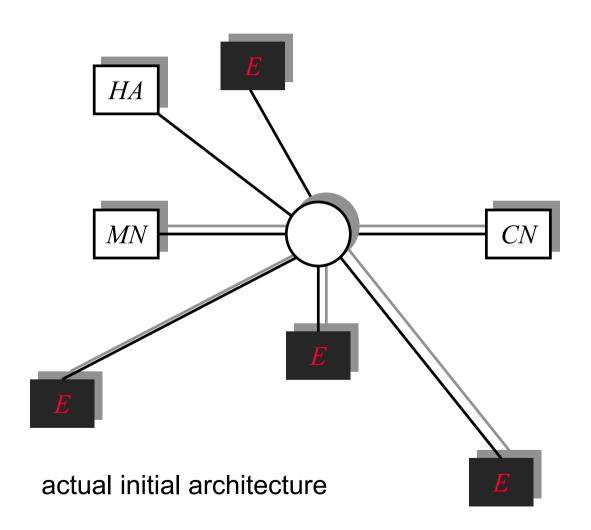


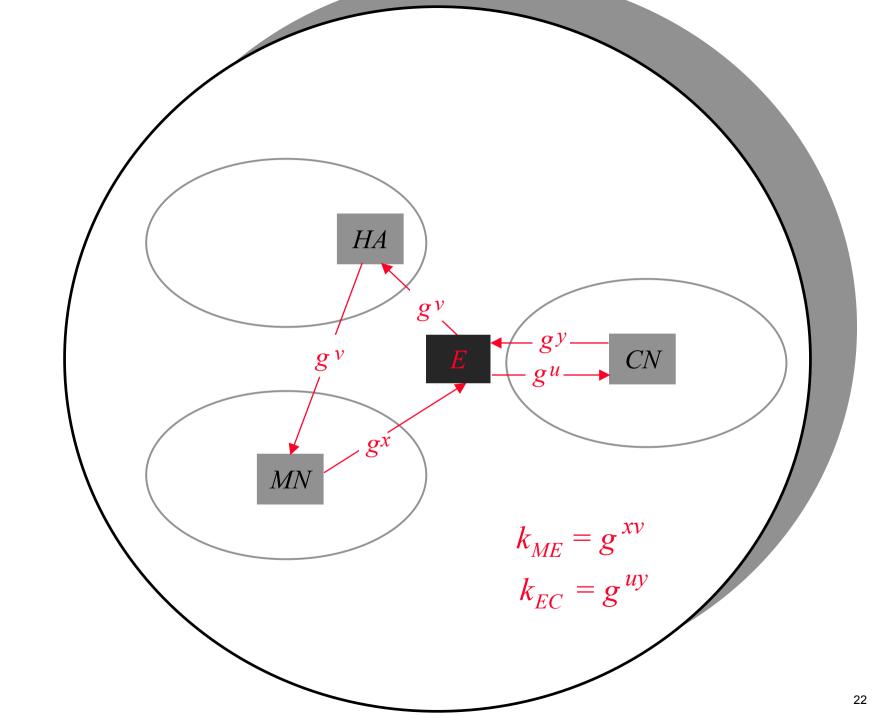


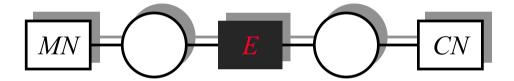




session architecture







possible session architecture



Use especs to add authentication!



Assess tradeoff between

- maximizing strength of authentication
- minimizing need for infrastructure

MN's view

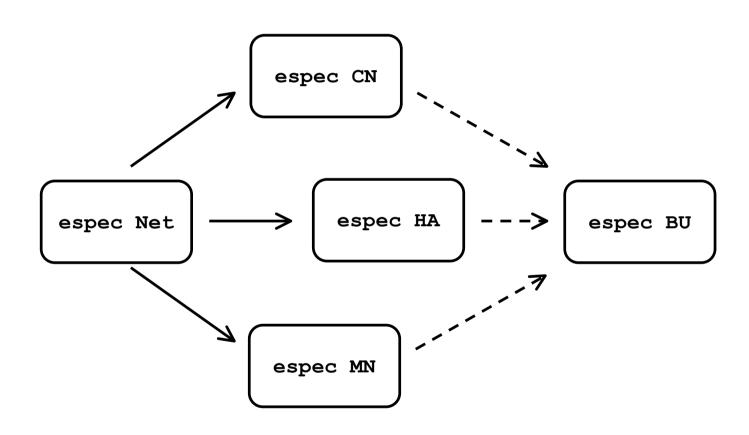
espec MN



CN's view

espec CN

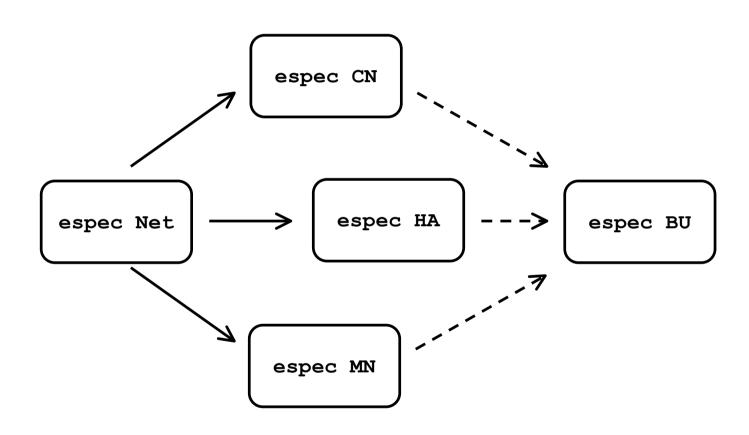
BU architecture



(aspects of especs)

- genericity
 - all agents are instances of cord espec
- automated
 - composition of agents
 - trace generation
- support for formal analysis
 - model checking
 - theorem proving
 - invariant generation

BU architecture



BU architecture

diag BU

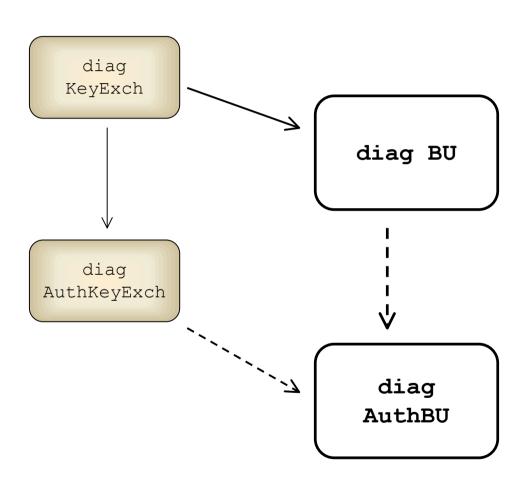
(aspects of especs)

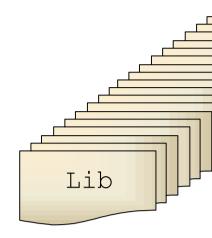
- adjustable abstraction level
- stratification:
 - agents: process calculus
 - protocols: especs
 - architectures: diagrams
 - » network connectors and components
 - » infrastructure and chain of trust
 - » information flow
 - **»** ...

BU architecture

diag BU

BU refinement

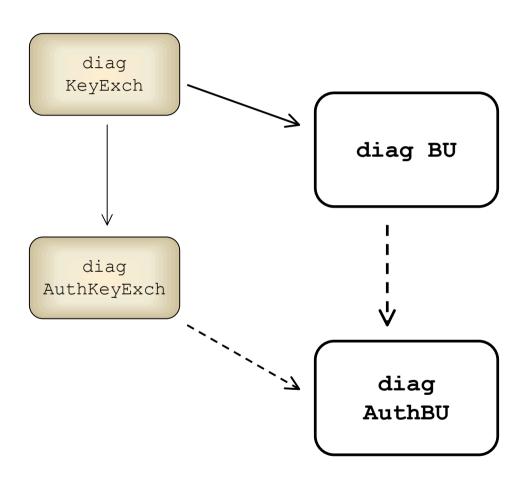


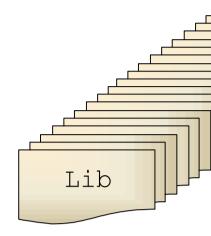


(aspects of especs)

- development (programming, generation)
 - top-down: refinement
 - » morphisms: inheritance, genericity
 - bottom-up: composition
 - » pushouts
 - » emergent and vanishing properties
 - » game theory, linear logic (strategies)
 - program transformation
 - » authentication compiler (Bellare-Canetti-Krawczyk)
 - » optimization
 - adaptation
 - » specification-carrying software

BU refinement





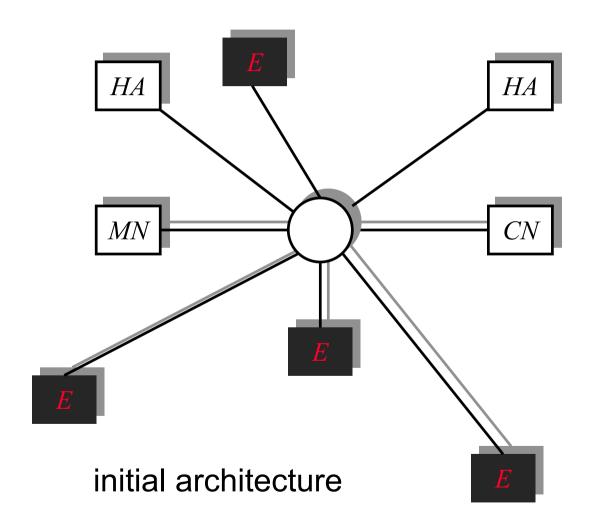
AuthBU architecture

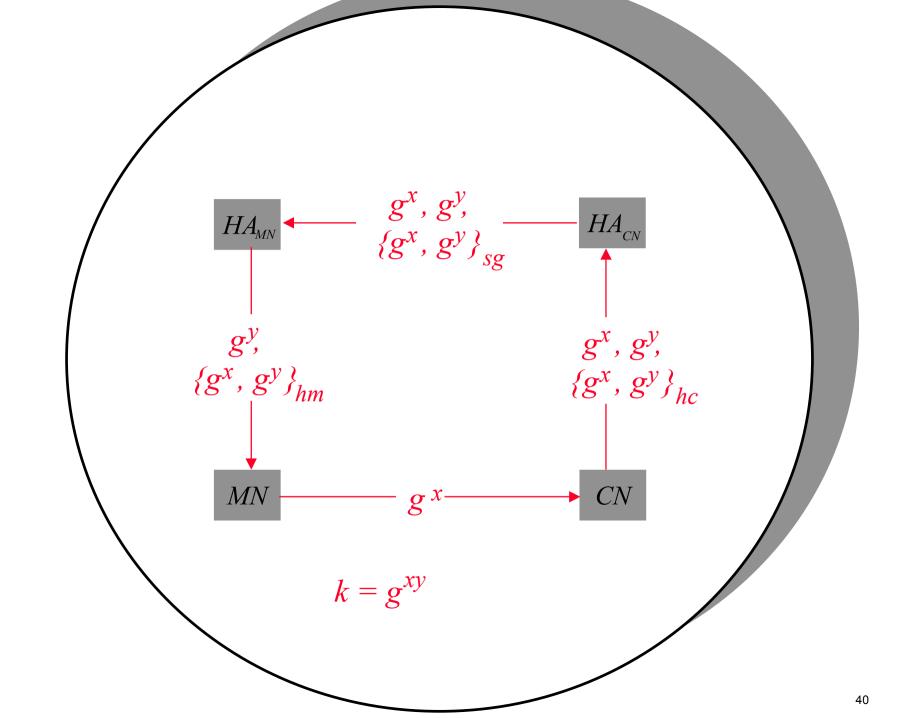
diag AuthBU

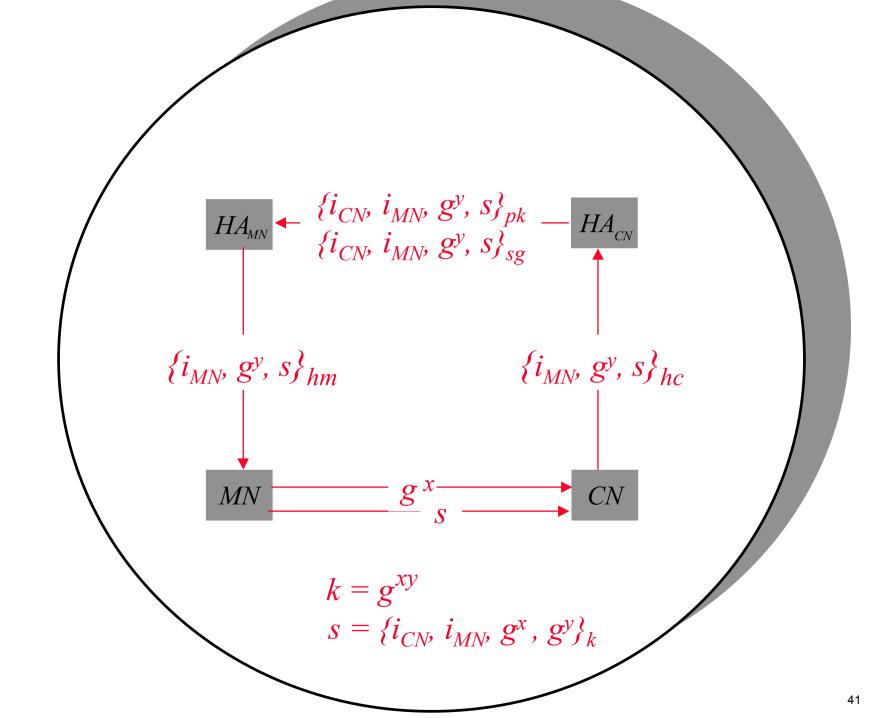
AuthMN's view

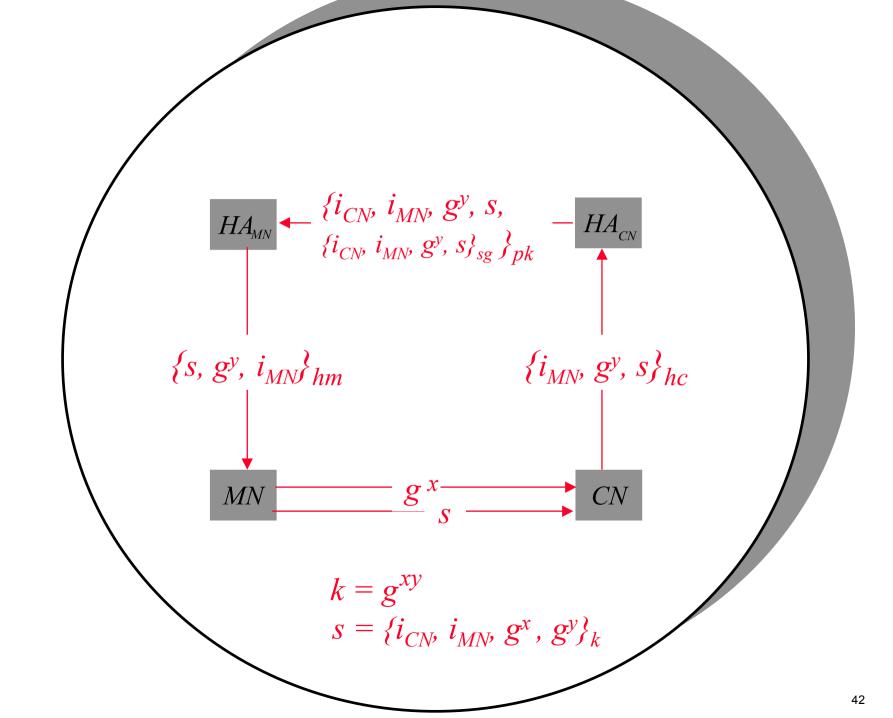
espec AuthMN

Authenticated MIPv6

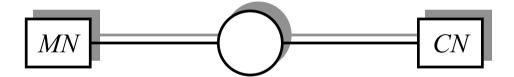








Authenticated MIPv6



assured session architecture

Variations

weaker authentications:

- one-way: no PKI, just certificates, or AAA no anonymity
- first time unauthenticated (like SSH), then chained hashing

stronger authentications:

- privacy
- anonymity, non-repudiation

dynamic infrastructure

- no shared secret: databases of "fingerprints"
- authenticating by non-forgeable capability
- authenticating by divided secret

(aspects of especs)

- additional aspects:
 - information flow
 - information hiding
 - cryptography

3

Ongoing work

IMPLEMENT the tool!



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http://www.kestrel.edu/users/pavlovic/

(cord spaces)

(names)
$$N ::= X \mid A$$

(terms) $t ::= x \mid a \mid N \mid t,...,t \mid_{N} \{t\}$
(actions) $a ::= \langle t \rangle \mid (x) \mid (t/p(x))$
(strands) $S ::= aS$
(cords) $C ::= [S]_{\approx}$
(interaction) $[(x)R] \otimes [\langle t \rangle S] ... \Rightarrow [R(t/x)] \otimes [S] ...$
(reaction) $[(p(t)/p(x))R] ... \Rightarrow [R(t/x)] ...$

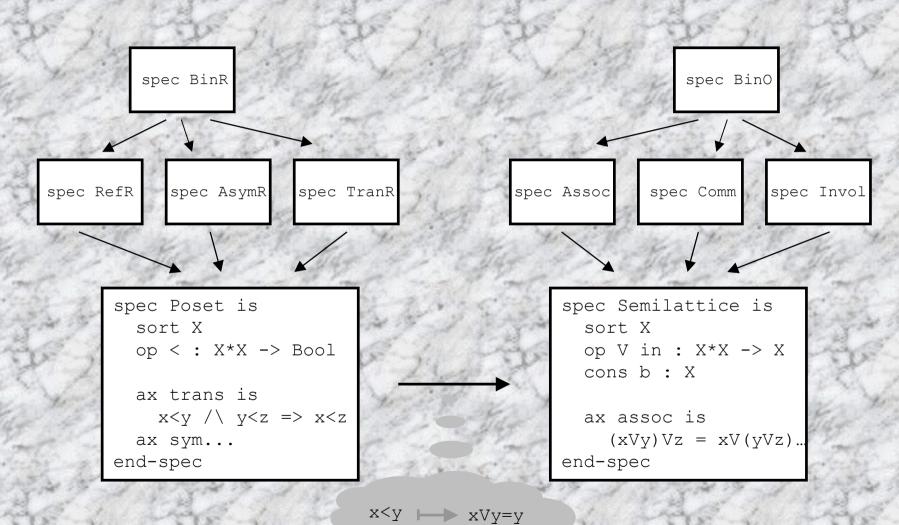
 $FV(t) = \emptyset$

What are especs?

- diagrams of specs
- specification-carrying programs
- in a development environment supporting
 - refinement (top-down)
 - composition (bottom-up)
 - synthesis of verified code
- programming language with
 - guarded commands
 - logical annotations as first-class citizens (available at runtime)
 - procedural abstraction and refinement



What are specs?



What are especs?

